McKean County Miner.

[illegible] XXIII — SMETHPORT, PA., FRIDAY, JUNE 4, 1886. — NUMBER 22

McKean County Miner

[illegible]

Arrival of Mails

[illegible]

Church Directory

[illegible]

Churches

[illegible]

HOTELS

Chautauqua House

[illegible] Smethport, Pa. [illegible] Proprietor.

[illegible]

WRIGHT HOUSE,

[illegible] Smethport, Penna. [illegible] Wright, Proprietor.

[illegible] has recently built and is furnished with all the conveniences of a first class hotel. A well stocked bar kept. Bar connected with the house. First class in every respect.

Grand Central Hotel,

[illegible] Smethport, Pa. F. N. Taylor, Proprietor.

[illegible] recently been renovated [illegible]. The table and bar [illegible] supplied with the best the [illegible]. First class in every respect.

BUCKTAIL HOTEL

[illegible] Proprietor.

[illegible] furnished [illegible] McKean county.

Broezel's Hotel,

[illegible] Buffalo. [illegible] first class in every respect. [illegible] Proprietor.

Exchange Hotel,

[illegible] Buffalo Depot [illegible] Proprietor.

[illegible] newly [illegible] and furnished [illegible] for the comfort and convenience of the traveling public.

Professional Cards.

Attorneys

[illegible]

Hamlin & Forrest,

LAW AND LAND OFFICE [illegible]

[illegible]

ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS [illegible]

[illegible]

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

[illegible]

Debility, and Scrofulous Catarrh.

Inflammatory Rheumatism Cured.

[illegible]

Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by all Druggists. $1, six bottles for $5.

J. C. HAMLIN,

DEALER IN

HARDWARE, STOVES, Etc.

CUTLERY,

AGRICULTURAL TOOLS, PAINTS,

OILS, GLASS, PUTTY,

SHELF FURNITURE and TIN WARE.

JOB WORK of all kinds done on short notice and at reasonable rates.

[illegible]

SMETHPORT, corner Church and Main.

WIN [illegible]

A VALUABLE BOOK

FOR A LITTLE MONEY.

THE CREAM OF OVER 30 STANDARD VOLUMES

That Sell for Nearly $100.00

For $1.50.

A $100 BOOK FOR $1.50

[illegible]

John O. Songbergh,
Clermont, Pa.

[illegible]

March 12, 1886, ly.

THE BANK OF CALIFORNIA

BY PRENTICE MULFORD

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CHAPTER XX.

SILENT WITNESSES.

Broener came up the next day and gave the required bail for my appearance. I preferred remaining in the county town to returning to Bull Bar. There was but a week to wait, and [illegible] court [illegible] ready.

"This thing troubles me very much," I said to Broener. "I can't [illegible] my story concerning this matter without [illegible] open court the secret of the 'Bank's' whereabouts, and then there'll be a general rush for the mine from all the country."

"[illegible] the right over it," he replied. "Of course you must tell the whole story and [illegible] some of the specimens of the quartz to prove it. That in fact will be your strong [illegible] [illegible] with [illegible] without [illegible] cream of that particular [illegible] [illegible] food [illegible] anyway [illegible] among [illegible] of course [illegible] they can [illegible] excitement of [illegible]. But the fewer know [illegible] it will be the [illegible] a little [illegible] will [illegible] their claims. The [illegible] will [illegible] and eventually [illegible] which will [illegible] that that will [illegible] years. So tell all about it. Don't [illegible]."

[illegible]

[illegible] my story as well as [illegible]

[illegible] That all facts alleged [illegible] law [illegible]

[illegible] Pratt [illegible] story [illegible] the lawyer [illegible] quicker [illegible] and [illegible] jury [illegible]

[illegible] I [illegible] law [illegible] that [illegible] the [illegible] between right and wrong [illegible]

Finally [illegible] first and [illegible] the [illegible] of Pratt [illegible] the [illegible] half the [illegible] months. I said [illegible] I [illegible] very rich claim. It was a mine of a sort not generally known in the state. No laws had [illegible] claims of this character. I will introduce now," said I, "my witnesses [illegible] existence of this claim [illegible] of the richest [illegible] quartz and I handed them to the jury.

The specimens were indeed good to look at [illegible] The yellow metal [illegible] places from their sides [illegible] as if solid, heavy [illegible] They had never seen such [illegible]. Their eyes [illegible] passed them from one to another [illegible] the judge [illegible] put on his spectacles and [illegible].

Hammon had invaded the court—yes, cap-

Hammon had invaded the court.

tured it. The whole previous atmosphere was changed. Whatever of interest had been centered in the trial was now all concentrated in this new development coming out of it. The audience was bending forward, at last rose in their seats to get a better view of the wealth there displayed. At a rough guess I had put on exhibition about two thousand dollars in quartz specimens—lots of gold in a form never before seen in that part of the country.

The district attorney felt his case slipping away from him. The introduction of such evidence was an indirect contradiction to his inferences regarding my "loafing about" and suspicious habits. It was plain that if I had been mysterious, there was something which would justify mystery. He objected to such things being put in as evidence.

But the "things" had done their work.

It was finally necessary to call the court to order ere the trial could be resumed. The judge laid aside his spectacles, but retained the richest lump on the bar in front of him and his eyes would glance occasionally in its direction. I continued my story. I did [illegible] find this claim. My partner, who is here in court, did [illegible] before I met him. I [illegible] for him as a guard on the claim while he was [illegible] carrying the rock to [illegible]. The day [illegible] Mr. Pratt found me on the ground I was guarding. It was true we had [illegible]

[illegible] murmur [illegible] in the audience.

"Order in court," cried the sheriff. But that [illegible] was a powerful expression of the prevailing sentiment.

I continued:

[illegible] what I know is that [illegible]

[illegible] my partner was away [illegible]

[illegible] said a voice near [illegible]. It was [illegible] Blanche Sefton.

This appearance of a beautiful woman in the court in connection with the trial was even more phenomenal than the quartz. There was an eager craning forward of necks and then a profound hush as [illegible] her next words.

After being sworn as a witness, she continued:

"I came here to say that [illegible] that Mr. Holder [illegible]"

She then paused.

"[illegible]"

[illegible] of Blanche Sefton.

The affidavit [illegible] Mr. Holder [illegible]

"How was this paper procured from Pratt? What proof have we that he is in his right mind and fit to say anything about the matter?" was the district attorney's sneering remark.

"I believe," replied Blanche, "that a great deal of what Mr. Pratt has been reported to have said when not in his right mind has been used here to-day against Mr. Holder. However, to set doubts at rest regarding the value of the testimony I bring, with the [illegible] this affidavit testifying to Mr. Pratt's present mental soundness from his physician."

A hum of applause and amusement at this [illegible] checkmate pervaded the court room.

The jury were out but a very short time. Many in the audience did not wait for the verdict. They went out intent on visiting Bull Bar and gaining a share in its riches. The judge, poor man, squirmed uneasily in his seat gazing at the tantalizing lumps of quartz and gold before him and wishing that he was free to head the rush which was developing for Bull Bar. Already could we hear the sound of galloping hoofs as horse and rider spurred in that direction.

I was acquitted. The jury eagerly awaited their discharge by the judge. There was a rapid flight from the court room. In ten minutes it was empty.

Blanche did not refuse my offer to escort her to the hotel where she would stay that night. It was late when the trial had concluded. We were the sensation of the town as we walked along the main street—a painful experience, I know, to Blanche.

I had not been long at the hotel before I found I was a hero. Men came in, introduced themselves to me and congratulated me on my [illegible] defense. I soon discovered also that my story as to Pratt's self inflicted wounds would not pass with the crowd. They held me as fully justified in shooting at anyone to protect the claim by virtue of the amount of wealth protected. Such was the effect of luck, gold, and the presence of beauty. Men argued rather from their excited imaginations than from cooler reason and judgment.

Every available horse in town was used that night to go down to Bull Bar by eager prospectors after the new source of wealth. Bull Bar was astonished next morning at the crowd of strangers in their midst, all inquiring for Scrub mountain. All the quartz leads in sight were taken up before Bull Bar got on the scent. All but Sefton and Long Mac. These two gentlemen left the court so soon as their evidence was concluded. Down to Bull Bar they had hurried that very day. They did manage to hold the "Bank," properly notified and claimed by Broener, Holder & Co., and two trusty watchmen in charge.

CHAPTER XXI.

ONE TAKEN—THE OTHER LEFT.

Shortly after the termination of the trial Broener desired to see me in his room at the hotel. I went thither. He ordered cigars and a bottle of choice wine. "This, also, is an important business matter we are to talk over," said he, "and good wine and good tobacco in moderation are most useful accessories to smoothing over the rough places one may meet on the road."

What now? I thought to myself. "Some other startling change in the kaleidoscope, and I presume that Blanche will figure in it."

"Holder," said Broener, after the wine was poured and cigars lighted, "fate has recently placed a woman between us two—a powerful wedge between any two men, no matter how closely they may have been previously united by the ties of what most people call friendship. In this case the wedge is a very powerful one. When I first saw Blanche Sefton I [illegible] up my mind to make her my wife—don't look grave now but hear me out. I might soften the expression a little but it would mean the same thing and possibly the [illegible] blessing of the words for you may be relieved when I say that Blanche—Miss Sefton—will never be Mrs. Broener."

"She has refused him," I thought.

"She has not refused me," said Broener with his usual satanic facility of reply to an [illegible] thought. "It's particularly disagreeable [illegible] to be [illegible] in a glass house while your companion dwells in one more opaque, though in the long run people might be spared a great deal of time and trouble if they could know immediately what they were thinking rather than hear what they were saying to each other.

"[illegible]," resumed Broener, "to believe that Miss Sefton has considerable regard for me. To you I dare to say this, to others I would not, since they could see only [illegible] I believe Miss Sefton admires me for [illegible] qualities. How does that sound to you?"

"I admire you for much myself—and envy [illegible]," I replied.

"[illegible] further then and say that [illegible] myself," he said. "If a man [illegible] has no hesitancy in [illegible] his property and [illegible] a certain form of genius or [illegible] that he possesses some fine quality [illegible] may be [illegible] himself [illegible] better entitled to keep [illegible] than if he [illegible] himself or is indifferent to his gift."

I assented but wished that Broener would cease philosophizing and return to the original topic.

"To return to Miss Sefton," he said with a twinkle in his eye and [illegible] extreme of deliberation in manner as he poured out half a [illegible] of wine in the glass and held it up [illegible]. "I could not marry Miss Sefton [illegible] She is one who will always [illegible] that, in my opinion will prove [illegible] man."

He paused. There was nothing for me to do except to listen and be perplexed.

"Hearts," said Broener, "are as I see them [illegible] indispensable articles in matrimony. A woman should always bring a heart to her [illegible]. Husbands [illegible] Some people think differently. Some [illegible] only a [illegible] trunk to [illegible] and the husband brings money to fill the trunk and a reverend pronounces a blessing over this union of cash and trunk. Miss Sefton is a remarkable girl. The one thing lacking in her is she has no heart."

"What [illegible]?" I [illegible].

"[illegible]," replied Broener.

"[illegible] Broener," I said, "do [illegible] plain words, with [illegible] and [illegible]."

"[illegible] plainer English," he said. "Well then. It is Miss Sefton loves another."

"Another?"

"Of course. When I say another I mean—[illegible] a few minutes [illegible] original proposition [illegible] [illegible] with a large property [illegible] fault of the institution [illegible] parties may not [illegible] who enter into it—[illegible] as to health [illegible] permanent [illegible] themselves and a common purpose in life. If they come together without these you see they may be as an unmatched pair of hinges, or a pair of hinges with [illegible] joints. Result: the matrimonial door [illegible] not swing well, creaks, groans, slams, bangs, and lets in all manner of stormy weather. I doubt sometimes if there be a pair of really matched hinges in the world."

"Miss Sefton loves another." These were [illegible] words that made the strongest impression [illegible].

"Had Miss Sefton's heart been free," said he, "I should have devoted myself to her. But when I find any woman having a preference for another man I always retire into the background. About the last situation in the world I care to figure in is that known in common parlance as 'trying to cut another fellow out,' and for me about the meanest maxim of modern times is that 'All's fair in love and war,' [illegible] though it seems a bit [illegible] to the phrase after all [illegible] may be justified [illegible] equally applicable [illegible] of a companion for life. But [illegible] Miss Sefton loves. [illegible] end this sermon with a short benediction. It is yourself."

"[illegible]"

"Yes, you. I discovered that the morning I found Miss Sefton at Pratt's house. [illegible] the incidents in the affair were too near [illegible] present [illegible] disclosure. When a woman's heart is in the house next door no matter where her body is, its absence will be soon felt. I guessed at the secret and to get rid of suspense asked Miss Sefton if it was so. Sensible girl that she is she saw no [illegible] in [illegible] and instead of simpering over it, or being indignant in telling me it wasn't any of my business, or doing the half and half business saying neither yea nor nay direct, she said 'yes' and that ended the matter."

Some minutes elapsed before a word was spoken.

"I have to ask your pardon for my manner toward you of late," I said. "That was jealousy."

"I knew that," he replied. "So soon as you let out your secret. You know when jealousy is simply a disease—runs in the blood and must come out like measles and whooping cough, though much harder to get rid of, and one attack won't bar the door to others with most of us. But you suffered more than I."

"Can you be jealous then?" I asked.

"Oh, yes. Don't take me for a demigod or [illegible] above all these emotions, because I spout philosophy."

"How do you get rid of it?" I inquired.

"Partly by doing the magnanimous when there's nothing but the magnanimous left to do. Virtue out of necessity, you know."

"I don't think I'm worthy of Blanche Sefton, anyway," I said.

"Well as to that," he replied, "it may not be so much a question of worth as of destiny."

This made me wince. Self accusers after all but fancy much outside backing in self condemnation.

"There's a tradition, theory, call it what you please," he said, "that's been out a long time to the effect that there is some one particular woman in the world, here or elsewhere—where I don't altogether know—for [illegible] particular man—mind what I say, man—I mean a man, not an animal—and that she will meet him here or hereafter, or elsewhere and love him partly because she can't help it, and partly because she sees something worthy of love in him—that is to say something now that may turn out much more hereafter. The man, her man, when first met may be—well unripe, green fruit hard to taste perhaps, but the woman, his woman, sees the fruit as it will be when ripened, though his present unripeness may cause her many a pang. So she may love him, marry him, stick to him, and get little comfort and a good deal of misery out of him."

"Well, is that the relation in which I stand with you regarding Blanche?" I asked.

"My dear boy you must decide that for yourself. I'm only citing a dream, perhaps a fable—one which I like to believe in, however, since I have a notion that believing in one's day dreams makes them come to pass."

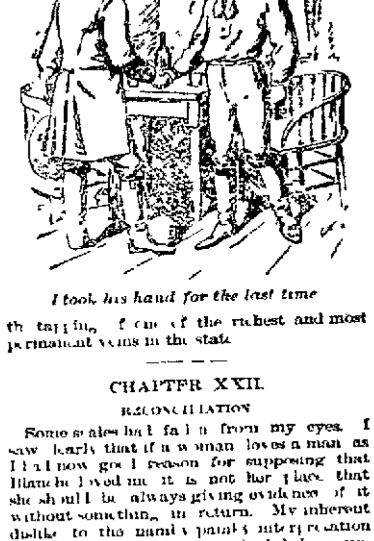
"Come to pass!" I said. "That is, you infer the misery I shall bring Blanche by marrying her."

"No. I didn't mean that," he said. "Indeed I never thought of it in that way before, but now since you've put the clause in yourself you might let it remain, just as a warning, you know. But don't think I am lecturing you, or setting myself up as your superior. I, William Broener, have about all I can do in looking after William Broener. That individual manages to give me a great deal of trouble and though I am quick, perhaps, at spying out faults in others, I can generally on arriving home, find similar specimens in my own garden."

"One other matter," said he, after a moment's hesitation. "We are friends, but here we part. You may recollect what I told you some time ago. There are times when people's mutual interests may bind them together and there are times when some agency may come along which shall cause them to separate. That time seems to have come for us two—and sooner than I anticipated. You retain your interest in the Bank and all that may develop out of it in the future but in that future we are apart. Good bye!"

I took his hand—for the last time. [illegible] Broener went his way. I went mine.

[illegible] he had predicted the present [illegible] Scrub mountain soon died away [illegible] the feeder our "Bank" eventually [illegible]



I took his hand for the last time.

the tapping of one of the richest and most permanent veins in the state.

CHAPTER XXII.

RECONCILIATION.

Some scales had fallen from my eyes. I saw clearly that if a woman loves a man as I had now good reason for supposing that Blanche loved me it is not her place that she should be always giving evidence of it without something in return. My inherent dislike to the namby pamby interpretation of love peculiar to Eastport had led me unconsciously to suppress all external indications of existing affection. Something now whispered to me, "Be more confident in your thought toward her. A woman needs to be very sure of the love of the man she would choose and the greater [illegible] the [illegible] return from him unless such return be shown clearly, unmistakably."

I met Blanche the next day. Possibly I carried this thought in my eye—for as it met hers there seemed in the lighting up of her features a recognition of it. She took my offered hand with a frank winning smile and an openness of manner which said more than any words could have done. Words afterward [illegible] but [illegible] thought [illegible].

She desired to return the [illegible] as soon as possible being still anxious on her uncle's account.

We traveled on horseback. The moon was at its full as we rode back to the Bar together.

But my trials were not yet over. I had the greatest of all to meet. I was burdened with a sense of over much obligation to a woman. Three times had this girl helped me [illegible] at a crisis: first in loaning me money [illegible], second in rescuing me from the highbinders, thirdly in confirming my story at the trial. She had performed all the practical chivalry in the affair and looking over the whole matter I felt a sense of humiliation.

I was silent. Possibly she felt my depression. Moods may travel from mind to mind in close rapport as well as words.

"What are you thinking of, John?" said she.

A month previous I should have evaded the question and said, "Of nothing in particular." Latterly I had come to the conclusion that between some individuals at least, the fewer secrets of any sort the better, the "some" being limited in this case to two.

It was hard work to speak my thought. It seemed to resist my attempt to drag it out. It would bury itself deeper than ever within my breast. And when I hesitated it conjured up immediately a series of evasions, with plausible reasons for using them.

I shook them off and said, "Blanche, the trouble is now that you've played the man's part all through and I the woman's, and now that it's all over I want to go and hide myself somewhere."

"You feel then under too much obligation to a woman?"

"Well, that's about what I mean," I replied.

"Suppose," she asked, "our situations were reversed and you had been of the service to me that you say I have to you, how would it be proper for me to feel?"

"Oh, well," I replied, "you know what's generally expected of the man in these matters."

"Expected by whom?" she asked.

"By the world—people, everybody."

"And what right has the world—people, everybody—to expect? What? That the man should bear off all the honors of knightly service while the woman stays at home and does fancy work? Has the world any particular business in these matters, which concern Blanche Sefton and John Holder? Listen, John, there is a side to your case. Pardon me if I take the liberty of arguing it for you. I do so the better to argue my own. It is not, I admit, easy or pleasant for man or woman to act in opposition to the world's verdict or opinion in any matter. Nor may it always be wise, or certainly not profitable so to do. The world does expect the man to act the man's part in all that concerns the woman. The world is right also in this respect though the mass in [illegible] half does not always fully carry its sentiments. But when a woman sees an opportunity to serve the man she loves will she refuse to so serve him if the opportunity does not take the shape she desires? Certainly my womanly instincts recoiled from facing the crowd that night in the hollow. Certainly I had rather not have faced that court room full of men and in this country where now a woman is a show, stared at and stared through with a sentiment far more objectionable than mere curiosity. But was there any one else to act at the time? Was I not impelled to do as I did quite as much for my own sake as yours, for had I not so done would not my responsibility in the matter, had harm came to you, have haunted and harassed me ever afterward? Was it not circumstance after all that reversed the situation, and would you not do the same for me? Of course you would. I should expect it of you. I mean by 'expect' that I know you have it in you so to do. Be assured, John, that if you wish to [illegible] you will not lack for opportunities to act like a man. And now is there any other grievance?"

"There is that affair of the fandango house."

"Do you wish to exchange your present company for what you may find there to-night?" she asked, archly.

As some sort of luck would have it we were obliged to pass through a camp that very night where one of these stamping revels was in full blast and quite open to our inspection from the street. I turned my head away.

"It does not seem so interesting to you as formerly," she remarked.

"It's not fair to hit a man when he's down," I replied.

"Well, John, you know the way of the transgressor is hard. I shall not punish you often by these reminders—say once a year, when your memory needs reviving."

CHAPTER XXIII.

BACK AGAIN.

All Eastport was shaken from center to circumference. People buzzed the news on the street. It was the first item dealt that morning by Varney the gossipy storekeeper to his customers over the counter. Deacon Hall, who kept the grocery at the corner, was so full of it that he filled Miss Pelter's pail with vinegar instead of the molasses she asked for. Miss Pelter was so full of it that she did not discover the mistake until reaching home. In the pail's bottom were discernible a pair of spectacles. They were the deacon's. He had dropped them there in his abstraction and the obscurity of the store cellar.

What was it?

Mrs. Pelter was telling Mrs. Ann Hedges over her backyard fence in an interval taken from the preparation of breakfast. She was on her way from the pump to the kitchen with a pail of water. Sausages were frying in the kitchen. You could hear them sizzling and sputtering, and their savor was in the morning air.

"Blanche Sefton and John Holder came back together last night. Lord knows where they've been. Some say he's been to [illegible] and some say she has, and he's [illegible] a fortune and some say they're married and some—Gracious, them sausages are burnin'!"

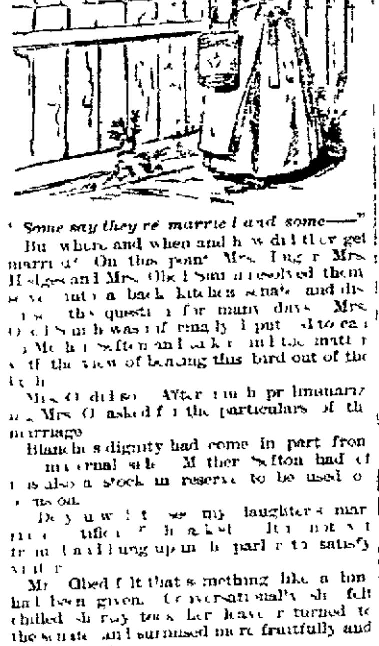
Mrs. Hedges told it over the back yard fence to Mrs. Lugar. Mrs. Lugar said simply, "Well of all things!" Mrs. Lugar told it over her [illegible] which adjoined the back yard fence to Mrs. Obed Smith.

Mrs. Smith put on her bonnet directly after breakfast and told it discreetly wherever she went.

"To think," said one of her listeners, "John Holder [illegible] a year and my husband has been out there two and hasn't sent home a shilling. I tell you, Mrs. Smith, John Holder never came rightly by so much money."

"She brought a French maid with her," said Mrs. Obed Smith resignedly.

"They're going to Europe next month. Well at that rate Mrs. John Holder will soon have to go back to Californy for more money. She always was an extravagant [illegible]," said Mrs. Smith's next door neighbor but one.



"Some say they're married and some——"

But where and when and how did they get married? On this point Mrs. Lugar, Mrs. Hedges and Mrs. Obed Smith resolved themselves into a back kitchen senate and discussed the question for many days. Mrs. Obed Smith was finally deputed to call on Mother Sefton [illegible] with the view of bringing this bird out of the [illegible].

Mrs. Obed did so. After much preliminary [illegible] Mrs. O. asked for the particulars of the marriage.

Blanche's dignity had come in part from the maternal side. Mother Sefton had [illegible] also a stock in reserve to be used on [illegible].

"Do you wish to see my daughter's marriage [illegible]?" she asked. "It is not [illegible] in the parlor to satisfy [illegible]."

Mrs. Obed felt that something like a [illegible] had been given. Conversationally she felt chilled. She rose to leave, turned to the south and surmised more fruitfully and frightfully than ever.

The next Sunday Rev. Harmon Sayre was surprised at the fullness of his congregation and regretted that he had reserved his strong[illegible] effort for the evening. But the looked for bride and groom were not there. The congregation returned home disappointed. Some were angered. Many went out of their way to pass Mother Sefton's house. But the Sefton front door was not loquacious. The front blinds were all closed, the half open [illegible] though [illegible] swung idly on its hinges [illegible] to be keeping its own counsel. [illegible] step was as silent as any other stone. [illegible] the little dog that trotted along with Mrs. Smith and that accompanied her to church intruded himself on Mother Sefton's [illegible] as she surveyed the passers-by from her seat in the front yard fence she spat at him a piece of her feline mind and sentiment and administered such a scratch on his nose as he [illegible].

Over thirty years have elapsed since that time. As I write a woman sits near me whose clear complexion, bright sparkling eyes, hair in which a thread of silver is here and there visible, and general contour of figure, symmetrical as ever, proves that the ripened beauty of maturity may last even though, as to age, four years have passed the turning point of half a century.

It is Blanche.

Then I may say with truth that love can [illegible] and even weather with[illegible] shipwreck [illegible]—Matrimony.

"Say rather," said she, "that true love never dies."

THE END.

A PROFESSIONAL DOG STEALER

BY JAMES PAYN

My aunt Adela, in addition (I am happy to say) to much other and more valuable property, possessed a little dog called Carlo. It is not true, as some assert, that to a mind [illegible] this animal [illegible] to show any [illegible] to him would undoubtedly be to lose it. Love me, love my [illegible] [illegible] Carlo [illegible] happened to [illegible] last November it was run over by an omnibus [illegible] nothing to do with that! Elizabeth, my aunt's maid and an old family retainer having been in the family for a quarter of a century, was thought worthy of this sacred trust, taking him out for a walk [illegible] [illegible] escaped from her custody [illegible] described.

To [illegible] her mistress the fact of Carlo's tail having become straight was, of course impossible [illegible] and my aunt's distress of mind was most [illegible]. The winter, she said, had indeed set in with severity for her. "Never again," she averred, "should that little angel go out of [illegible] wicked cruel world." And [illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible] problem that occupied his [illegible] had it become invisible [illegible] covered [illegible] sight of it and [illegible] phosis puzzle him [illegible] pearance had done [illegible] operation no doubt but [illegible] it to some phenomenal [illegible] ture—the fall of a mountain, or even of a comet.

After a while when it ceased to remind him of its existence, he forgot all about his tail and concentrated his [illegible] upon schemes of escape from his [illegible]. For weeks he watched at the little gate that opened upon the steps which led into the garden and after about [illegible] about the number of times it was shut in his face—came to the conclusion that it was not intended for canine egress. He then turned his attention to the iron railing and squeezing with great difficulty through its bars would stand for hours with his head out (for it was a very tight fit, and it, therefore, worth his while to withdraw it in a hurry) and contemplate the drop of eighteen feet or so. Aunt Adela would have it that it was the beauties of nature that attracted him, the icicles on the trees, the snow wreaths on the evergreens, etc., but Carlo was not such a fool as that. I repeat, and indeed the event proved it, he was calculating the drop. Failing to make this less by looking at it, the astute animal tried the left hand railing which separated my aunt's balcony from that of her neighbor and emancipated himself at the first trial. The drawing room door was open and in two minutes Carlo had scuttled through the house and into the street.

Aunt Adela was in despair. She always used to express a withering scorn for advertisements, and wonder how "any one in their sober senses" could think of being influenced by them. But now she became what the Salvation army term a "prisoner to the faith" in them. She seemed to think of nothing else. "Advertise, advertise, advertise," was her one cry. I ventured to remark that that business was, with a few exceptions, conducted on the ready money system, upon which she flung me her purse and burst into tears.

There was only three-and-six pence in it, which does not go far in the way of world wide circulation, but I invested it judiciously in a most respectable print, and within four and twenty hours it produced a dog stealer.

Never had Acacia villa, the haunt—indeed the home—of peripatetic preachers and missionary matrons, opened its doors to such a visitor. One cannot say his dress was unseasonable, but it was certainly peculiar. He wore a fluffy overcoat with pockets large and numerous enough to hold a whole pack of Carlos, velveteen dittos, an immense red worsted scarf and a sealskin cap.

Nevertheless his card, with "Mr. William Blodgers, dog fancier, Whitechapel," upon it, procured him an interview with Aunt Adela at once. The herald that brought tidings of her lost darling was welcome in any shape.

I had the honor to be present at the interview.

Aunt Adela wept tears which might have been pearls so far as cost was concerned, for I am convinced that Mr. Blodgers increased his price for every one of them.

"Had he the little dawg?" Gracious goodness (he was much more emphatic in his ejaculations than that) what could have put that into the good lady's head? He had only a fancy for little dawgs, and having chanced to see this 'un in the neighborhood, had [illegible] to say so. Notwithstanding, he didn't doubt that, in case parties acted honorable and in a liberal spirit—i. e., if no questions were asked and a £10 note were to be paid—Carlo would be forthcoming.

"But if I were to give you a £10 note," objected Aunt Adela, "which is a great deal of money, how do I know that I should ever get my dog?"

Mr. Blodgers drew himself up with dignity, and smote his moleskinned breast.

"My word, mum," he replied, "is as good as my bond."

"Moreover," continued that gentleman, "unless I have the money, you may take your davey that you will never see that there dawg again."

This last sentence had all the force of a postscript to a lady's letter. It contained the gist of the whole matter.

"What do you think, John?" she murmured to me beseechingly.

"It appears to me, my dear aunt," returned I, "that you have no choice but to trust to Mr. Blodgers' word."

From a secret depository in her desk (which I have never seen opened on my account) she produced a beautiful, crisp ten pound note, and handed it with a sigh to Mr. Blodgers.

"And when shall I have Carlo back again?" pleaded Aunt Adela. "To-night? Oh, I do hope to-night."

"Well, Mum, I will not deceive you. I have, you see, not myself got the dear little dawg. I only knows the party as has got him. But to-night, or to-morrow night at furthest, I hope to return him to your loving arms."

When he had gone I expected Aunt Adela to break out, for she was a woman not only endowed with considerable self respect, but who practised the strictest economy. As the worst part of love, like that of a wig, is said to be "the parting," so it was with her as regarded money. She never could bear to de[illegible] her tore, far less her balance at her bankers. And here was a ten pound note gone or as good as gone in five minutes.

On the contrary she expressed a favorable opinion of Blodgers.

"I think, John, we can trust that man; he seems to me to have a certain honesty in his ways."

It was not my business to remind her that mere brutal bluntness was not necessarily honesty. I contented myself with maintaining what I considered a judicious silence concerning Mr. Blodgers.

No one can tell, unless he is the nephew (and not the favorite nephew) of an aunt from whom he has great expectations, and who is the most self willed and unreasonable of her sex, what I suffered for the next ten days.

Late on Christmas eve, however, Mr. Blodgers reappeared with Carlo in his arms, as unexpectedly as a new constellation. One would naturally imagine that there would have been a revulsion of feeling in my favor, but this was very far from being the case. The flood gates of my aunt's affection were opened, and they poured unrestrainedly over the hairy prodigal and his restorer, but not one drop of them came my way.

I made some allowance, however, for my aunt's feelings of gratitude. The little dog had been evidently well treated, and was in good case. He had been brought back to her after she had given up all hope of his return, and here was the man who had brought him, though not, it is true, without a consideration. Moreover he seemed to have a private regard for Carlo, to judge by the way in which [illegible] looked at him. "Yes, Mum," said Mr. Blodgers, when my aunt paid him a [illegible] to that effect, "one can't help taking an interest in a dawg like that. It's [illegible] you loves him true," here he [illegible] "there's another as loves him as much as you [illegible]."

My aunt was touched. "You are fond of Carlo yourself, then, Mr. Blodgers?"

"[illegible] No, Mum, a laboring man [illegible]—why, how could I afford such [illegible]?"

"There is only one thing, Mr. Blodgers, [illegible] I wished to ask you," she said, as it [illegible] all along every con[illegible] your word to which there were [illegible] incredited it—here she cast an [illegible] glance in my direction—but [illegible] how it was that you kept Carlo so [illegible]."

"[illegible] keep him? Lor' bless you, not me, Mum. The fact is, between ourselves, the [illegible] sold him to [illegible] intermediate—on [illegible] day you offered the reward—she grew so fond of him that I hadn't the heart to take him away from her under the week."

ON THE ENGINE.

Running a Locomotive While Deathly Sick.

TAUNTON, Mass.

Dr. David Kennedy, Rondout, N. Y.:

[illegible] I am engineer on the Old Colony railroad and run the Fall River boat train between Fall River and Lowell, residing in [illegible]. For [illegible] I suffered everything [illegible]. Often I had such [illegible] that I could hardly see [illegible] irregular habits [illegible] the jar of the engine. [illegible] I tried every medicine I [illegible] physician [illegible] Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy [illegible] DAVID KENNEDY'S FAVORITE REMEDY [illegible]

DANIEL FITTS.

[illegible] $1 will buy a bottle of Favorite Remedy and cure you.

For Sale.

The valuable property consisting of a frame dwelling house and barn, a young and thrifty orchard and a good well of water. The property is located one square above the Academy in Smethport borough and known as the Hugh Glenn property. Dr. E. G. Brown will show the property to any one wishing to purchase. For further particulars address MRS. F. J. WHELAN, Bradford, Pa.
31-tf.

IMPORTANT.

When you visit or leave New York city, save baggage expressage and carriage hire and stop at the Grand Union Hotel, opposite Grand Central Depot.

Elegant rooms fitted up at a cost of one million dollars, reduced to $1.00 and upwards per day. European plan. Elevator. Restaurant supplied with the best. Horse cars, stages and elevated railroad to all depots. Families can live better for less money at the Grand Union Hotel than at any other first class hotel in the city. vol 23no 11ly

Home Testimonials.

Mrs. Henry Gallup was teaching school in Norwich township last winter, and had been suffering from nervous sick headache a long time, and Miss Lydia Perry, of the same place, told her that there was no use in suffering so much when she could get a sure, simple remedy that she had tried and that had cured her, viz: Dennis' Blood, Liver and Kidney Cure, and one box of Indian Root Pills. She took the advice and now says that she is cured. Go thou and do likewise.

For sale by F. B. McCoy, Smethport, C. R. Burdick, Hamlin, C. A. Anderson and Smith & Hall, Colegrove, Pa.

For Sale.

The subscriber offers for sale two billiard tables—one carom and one pool—at prices and upon terms which enables any man to purchase. For definite information call upon F. N. TAYLOR.
Smethport, Pa., Aug 4, '85.—tf.

McKean County Miner

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

Payable IN ADVANCE, one year $1.50; six months, $1.00; three months, 75 cents.

ADVERTISING RATES.

Advertisements are published at the rate of one dollar per square for one insertion and fifty cents per square for each subsequent insertion. Rates by the year or for six or three months are low and uniform, and will be furnished on application. Executors and administrators notices $3.00 each for six insertions.

Professional cards, not exceeding one inch $5.00 per year.

Local notices ten cents per line for one insertion, five cents per line for each subsequent consecutive insertion.

Obituary notices over five lines, ten cents per line. Simple announcements of births, marriages and deaths will be inserted free.

All communications should be addressed to

L. ROGERS,
Editor and Proprietor.

Smethport, Pa., June 4, 1886.

CALL FOR THE REPUBLICAN STATE CONVENTION.

HEADQUARTERS REPUBLICAN STATE COMMITTEE,
Philadelphia, April 14, 1886.

The Republican State Convention will be held in the Opera House at Harrisburg, on the last Wednesday of June, the 30th, 1886, at 10 o'clock a. m., for the purpose of nominating candidates for Governor, Lieutenant Governor, Auditor General, Secretary of Internal Affairs and Congressman-at-Large, and for the transaction of other business.

The attention of Republicans throughout the State is respectfully directed to the following Permanent Rules (amended last year) for the holding of State Conventions, and the conduct of the party.

First. That Delegates to State Conventions shall be chosen in the manner in which candidates for the General Assembly are nominated, except in Senatorial districts composed of more than one county, in which conferees for the selection of Senatorial delegates shall be chosen in the manner aforesaid.

Second. Hereafter the State Convention of the Republican party shall be held not earlier than the third Wednesday of August, except in the year of the Presidential election, when it shall be held not more than thirty days previous to the day fixed for the National Convention, and except in such unusual years. At least sixty days' notice shall be given of the date of the State convention.

Third. That we recommend to the county organizations, that in their rules they allow the largest freedom in the general participation in the primaries consistent with the preservation of the party organization.

By order of the Republican State Committee.

THOS. V. COOPER,
Chairman.

REPUBLICAN COUNTY CONVENTION.

The republicans of McKean county are requested to meet at their respective places for holding elections, on SATURDAY EVENING, JUNE 12th, 1886 between the hours of 7 and 9 o'clock, p. m., (excepting in those precincts where an earlier hour is fixed under the rules elsewhere published) and under the rules governing the party in this county, elect two delegates to represent each precinct in a County Convention to be held in the Court House, in the borough of Smethport, on TUESDAY, JUNE 15th, 1886, which is called for the purpose of electing a representative delegate, and recommending a senatorial delegate to represent this county and senatorial district in a State Convention to be held in Harrisburg on Wednesday, June 30, 1886, for the nomination of a State ticket to be supported by the republicans of the State in November next.

L. ROGERS, Chairman, Co. Com.
J. H. WHITCOMB, } Secretaries.
T. F. RICHMOND, }

JOHN KELLY, the Tammany chieftain, and the great democratic leader, died at his home in New York on Tuesday last at 3.20 p. m.

THE papers are filled with an immense amount of "Rapsoodle" these days, because a girl of 23 has been foolish enough to marry a man of 50.

J. H. LAMBERT, Esq., one of the most accomplished newspaper men in the country, who for many years has been the managing editor of the Philadelphia *Times*, has severed his connection with that paper for the purpose of taking a similar position on the *Press*. It does seem as though the *Times* management had made a mistake in dispensing with Mr. Lambert's services.

MR. POWDERLY said the following to a reporter of the N. Y. *Sun*: "We know here to our sorrow what strikes are, and we want no more of them. I think it will be a long time before we have another great strike here. At any rate, I hope so. The terrible strikes that we have had in the coal regions during the last twenty years never resulted in any good to the workingmen. They all realize that fact now. They could not see it at the time, but experience has convinced them that nothing was ever gained by strikes. As a general thing the end of a strike found the workingmen in a far more pitiable condition than they were when they began the struggle. I can look back now and see where hundreds of strikes have been prevented by reason and common sense, and I can look forward to a time when nearly all disagreements between buyers and sellers of labor will be mutually settled by arbitration." Words that every workman should learn by heart in these times of strikes and boycotting and labor troubles. The man who thus cautions his fellow men is their true friend. Those who do otherwise are the enemies of labor and their country.

WHITE HOUSE WEDDINGS.

The marriage ceremony which made President Cleveland and Miss Frances Folsom man and wife, was performed in the White House at Washington on Wednesday of this week. This is the ninth wedding which has taken place in the presidential mansion since the organization of the government. The first was in President Madison's time, when Miss Todd, a relative of Mrs. Madison, was the bride, and John G. Jackson, of Virginia, who was then a member of congress, was the groom. The first East Room wedding was that of Elizabeth Tyler, whose father was then president, and William Waller, of Williamsburg, Va. Miss Tyler was just nineteen, when married. President Adams' son, John Quincy, Jr., married his cousin, Miss Johnson, in 1826. The wedding took place in the White House in President Adams' administration. When General Jackson was president there were two weddings in the White House. Miss Easton, his niece, and Mr. Polk, of Tennessee, and a relative of Jackson were married. The other was that of Miss Lewis, of Nashville, and Mr. Pageot, who was afterward French Minister to this country. Martha Monroe married Samuel Gouverneur, who was for a while President Monroe's private secretary. This wedding took place in the East Room, and the bride was just turned seventeen. Probably the wedding of Nellie Grant and Algernon Sartoris, on May 21, 1874, was the most brilliant of the half dozen taking place there. The East Room was the scene, and the pair stood under an immense floral bell, with a background of flowers filling the big east window. There were six bridesmaids and a distinguished company. It was a morning wedding and General Grant gave his daughter away, with tearful eyes and ill concealed emotion. Later on in President Hayes' term, his niece, Miss Emily Platt, and General Russel Hastings were married. The wedding was in the Blue Parlor, decorated with flowers, and here also the bride stood under a bell of flowers.

FROM THE STATE CAPITAL.

(From our own correspondent.)

HARRISBURG, May 29.—There has been an absolute drouth of political views in this quarter of the State the past week. Of course there is as usual a free discussion in the Democratic press of the unexplainable mixture in republican politics and in the discussion of this lamentable confusion, our political opponents have failed entirely to give any pointers as to the democratic probabilities. It must, however, be awfully cheering news to our democratic brethren as county after county flashes intelligence over the State that differences have been settled, and candidates named, and all is harmony and peace in the republican ranks. Such news will not have a tendency to fulfill democratic prophecies of wide-spread and dangerous conflicts in our ranks.

Our democratic local press has, upon more than one occasion, attempted to sum up the republican situation and solve the outcome of this fall's election, but one by one their predictions have been found untrue and by gradual steps, though unpleasant the task, a realizing sense of democratic differences seems to demand some notice, and the subject of democratic candidates is discussed, but it is handled with caution and evident discomfort, because all predictions as to democratic probabilities are based entirely upon guess work, and it is [illegible] will be disappointed when the [illegible] of State [illegible].

"The boys, of course, will say, 'I told you so,' and [illegible] the dose, the medicine will be taken and pronounced just the remedy to suit the disease. The subject for the funeral will be furnished by the next democratic State convention, and the republicans will see that the corpse will be given a decent burial in November.

Lieutenant Governor Black passed a few days in Harrisburg last week, attending the meeting of the Pardon Board. Your correspondent had a talk with him, but was unable to get the information desired. It was evident, however, that Gov. Black would be pleased if he could be dropped as an available sacrifice this fall. He said he "was altogether in the hands of his friends," but upon pressing him closely for a direct answer to some questions asked he acknowledged that "the democratic party was a little unfortunate in its selection of the man who had been honored by the presidential office. He was a disappointment to many of the leaders of the party, and to many of his acts can be traced much of the discord that now rends the party into factions." Governor Black does not regard the outlook for democracy in Pennsylvania this fall as very encouraging. If nominated he will accept and do his utmost to be elected. (NOTE.—The State administration will also help him along in his campaign.)

A local paper has this to say of Gov. Black during his recent visit to our city, when meeting Maj. Montooth, prospective candidate for republican lieutenant governorship:

"How goes things?" quoth Mr. Black, referring to Major Montooth's candidacy for lieutenant governor on the republican ticket.

"All right," said the major, "I think I will be nominated."

"I'm glad to hear it," said Mr. Black. "I'm going to leave you very handsome quarters in the capitol building."

And then everybody laughed a sort of a everything is lovely laugh and the board was called to order.

A prominent democrat said to me a few days ago, when he was asked why the party press discoursed alone on republican prospects and ignored almost entirely democratic probabilities, replied that the leaders are awaiting the republican programme, when that is fixed we will put up the candidate to defeat the republican nominee. And yet this same person said "Black seems to be losing ground. The State administration [illegible] Wallace will antagonize the Randall interests, but he would bring to the campaign a contribution of *cash* that will make things lively. This was urged, also, in favor of Scott, but in summing up the outlook, it was conceded that with so much factional fighting in the democratic ranks the prospects for party unity and harmony were not promising, besides the party was *ignorantly* furnishing campaign ammunition for the republicans, which will prove anything but pleasant reading before the results of November are tabulated."

It has been but a few months since the executive inquisitorial campaign was prosecuted against the soldiers' orphan schools. The report found fault with the system, with the buildings and everything connected with these schools, not a single one escaped executive condemnation. Since the spring examinations by Dr. Higbee and others have been in progress at the different schools, we have heard nothing but the loudest praises of the perfect system of education, commodious buildings, well fed, well clothed, healthy and robust scholars. And all this change in a few weeks. Bah! I take no stock in the governor's reform methods. That gun was loaded for this fall's campaign, but I very much fear there has been a premature discharge.

Gen. Louis Wagner, the new inspector of soldiers' orphan schools was in town on Friday last, and he reported all the schools as in fairly good condition. He has had occasion, he said, "to make many suggestions to improve the schools in some minor details, but upon the whole the schools are as well conducted as such institutions could be." He has issued an order, which if rigidly enforced, will do much towards raising the standard of these schools. This order covers the entire detail of management, from the making of the State contract by superintendents, food, clothing, instruction, etc., etc., to the final discharge of a sixteener.

Some time ago I saw an article written for a democratic paper in one of the northwestern counties, in which the correspondent lamented the fact that there existed in Dauphin county, within twenty miles of the State capital, a class of people known as Pennsylvania Dutch, who "cannot speak a word of English, and are as ignorant of the German as they are of the English language." The article concluded as follows: "You will be surprised to learn that a very large proportion of the large republican majority in this county is made up of this class of people. Probably if they could talk English, and understood the principles of government the political complexion of the county would change."

What ridiculous nonsense such stuff is. The author of the article must have known that his condemnation of this class of people for the reasons given was untrue. If the article referred to could be distributed to *every Pennsylvania Dutch* family in this county there would not be a man or woman, or even a child ten years of age, that would not read it as well as its author, and then would resent this insult to a class of people who are universally well educated, and among our best citizens.

It must be understood that education and intelligence does not swell democratic majorities. Where you find ignorance you find democratic votes, where you have big republican majorities there you find intelligence and education, and because Dauphin county is so largely republican, you may rest assured that is on account of its intelligent, newspaper reading Pennsylvania Dutch families.

Col. Quay has been in town a few times during the week, and he sees nothing that can stop the republican party's onward march to power, in this State next November. He had but little to say of any particular candidate, and assured your correspondent that good and acceptable candidates would be nominated at the convention, and the people would endorse them at election. He is for Beaver. He is taking no hand in the different counties, further than to urge the necessity of sending good men before the people for their suffrages.

I learn in a quiet way that wires are being laid to capture the Harrisburg P. O. in advance of the expiration of the term of our present efficient Post Master.

The Myers faction hold that the refusal to remove the present republican incumbent is an insult to the intelligent democracy (no Penna Dutch) of the city, and if you desire to hear the administration abused just open a discussion on our post-office and its probabilities.

The minority faction (Dull) quietly giggle in their sleeves at the chagrin of the others and take to themselves all the credit of McAlarney's retention, because they say it would be infinitely better to retain our present post master than to be beaten by Myers.

Following close upon the confirmation of the Philadelphia post master the name of B. F. Myers, Harrisburg, appears among the arrivals at Washington. Of course, it was only a pleasure trip, for pleasure only, but the "boys" awaited anxiously at home and hoped that acceptable news would soon be flashed from the national capital that "the post office is ours," but no such glad tidings [illegible]. But in a short time Mr. Myers himself came home, the coveted commission remained in Washington and with it profound silence as to what President Cleveland proposed to do about it.

The democracy of our city don't like it, for with the removal of the republican incumbent comes about fifteen good, fat positions in the post office for the democratic appointee to fill.

Some of our local leaders say that this visit of Myers to Washington had nothing to do with the post office but was for other purposes, and right upon the heels of his return to Harrisburg came a rumor that Hon. B. F. Myers of Harrisburg is mentioned as a prospective minister to Austria. His knowledge of Pennsylvania Dutch is not extensive but then he could readily learn it before he went hence. I asked him what truth there was in this rumor and he said he preferred to remain in the United States and was not a candidate for any foreign position.

Just at the present time he is pushing the Wallace boom for governor and recently he spread himself at Wilkes-Barre before the Revenue Reform Press Association of Pennsylvania. The basis of reform in the national revenues, is the Morrison bill now pending in congress. It was agreed that an address should be issued in which the democratic portion of Pennsylvania's delegation in congress should be appealed to and even the working-man is to be asked to help "knife the industries of Pennsylvania" and support tariff reform, as viewed from the democratic platform. And Wallace as standard bearer fills the bill.

This means, of course, that Randall is not liked and that his party, or some of them, would be glad to see him shorn of his power.

This dislike of Randall has also shown itself in the Samuel J. Randall democratic club of Philadelphia, which last week dropped the name of the democratic leader against the Illinois free trader.

Then, again the Americus club is in the throes of a contest now, which if decided in favor of an endorsement of the Morrison bill will knock smithereens, not only out of the club, as an organization, but will send a solid republican delegation to congress from Pennsylvania next fall. It also means that Wallace has got in his work and Randall must be sacrificed.

In speaking to a prominent Philadelphia democrat a few days ago he said it was understood "if Wallace should receive the call to head the democratic ticket this fall by a reasonably large majority of his party he would consent to the nomination for governor."

Hensel, Randall's friend, must also be gotten rid of as chairman of the state central committee and handsome little George McGowan, of Philadelphia, who has espoused Wallace's cause is to succeed him.

ALCROFT.

ONCE in awhile a Washington politician springs Carlisle as a presidential possibility and expatiates upon the enthusiasm that Carlisle's candidacy would create in the mighty west. The truth is that Mr. Carlisle is so little heard of north of the Ohio river and west of the Alleghenies that most of our intelligent voters think he is the man who wrote a novel about the French revolution.

A STRIKE of a novel form was developed at Featherstone's foundry in Chicago on Tuesday of last week. The 75 employees had gained a concession of the eight-hour day, and had worked several days under that system. On Saturday before a committee waited on Mr. Featherstone and stated they wanted the ten-hour day restored. He replied by asking if they knew what they really did want. They had compelled him to give them the eight-hour day. He did so, and made arrangements to conduct his business upon an eight hour basis. He could not change hours every time he was asked to do so, and told them they could only work eight hours a day. Yesterday the men struck for a restoration of the ten hour day. This is only another evidence of the absurdity of a great many of the labor strikes.

Senator Emery Building a Church.

Tom Jones of the Harrisburg *Telegraph* gets off the following incident, which occurred during Senator Emery's recent visit to Kentucky:

"Down in Kentucky Senator Lew Emery, of M'Kean, has extensive saw mills where he saws up walnut timber and sends it to all parts of the universe. It happens that his saw mills are located near a town called Confederate Cross Roads. Perhaps you think that is a joke and there is no place by that name. But it is an actual fact, and not the imaginary town portrayed by Nasby. Senator Emery was down at Confederate Cross Roads this spring looking after his lumber interests, and spent some time there. During his stay a couple of circuit riding preachers happened along and held service at a private house, because there was no church in the village. Senator Emery attended the service and heard the ministers preach and lament that they had no meeting house. He is always ready to do a good turn so he arose and said: "Let's build a church. I'll give one hundred dollars towards it." "Praise the Lord, Brother Emery, that's a good start!" said one preacher, "now we will pass the hat for more contributions." The hat was passed while a hymn was sung, and every now and then one of the ministers would sing out, "Keep up the good work, Brother Emery! We are doing grand, Brother Emery!" This made the oil man feel so good that he jumped up and said, "I'll give the lumber to build the church!" His offer was met by a hearty chorus of amens, and "Hallelujas" until the hat got back to the ministers when the doxology was sung while the dominies counted the money. How much do you think was collected outside of the senator's donation? Don't guess, you won't hit it in a week. Just *a dollar and eighty cents*. But that hundred dollars and the lumber donation still stand, and I should not be surprised if Senator Emery gave them his income for one day to build and furnish that church. He could do it and never miss it."

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Court Proclamation.

The Hon. A. G. OLMSTED President Judge, and the Hons. H. HAMLIN and P. M. FULLER, Associate Judges of the court of oyer and terminer and general jail delivery, quarter sessions of the peace, orphans' and court of Common Pleas for the county of McKean, have issued their precepts, bearing date Friday, May 28th, 1886, and to me directed, for holding a court of common pleas, at the borough of Smethport, on Tuesday, the 22d day of June 1886, and to continue one week.

Dated at Smethport, May 31, 1886, and in the 110th year of the Independence of the United States of America.

A. F. BANNON, Sheriff.

WANTED—LADY Active and intelligent, to represent in her own locality an old firm. References required. Permanent position and good salary. GAY & BROS., 14 Barclay St., N. Y.

AGENTS WANTED for DR. SCOTT'S beautiful Electric Corsets. Sample free to those becoming agents. No risk, quick sales. Territory given. Satisfaction guaranteed. Address DR. SCOTT, 842 Broadway, NEW YORK.

C. V. GILLIS,
dealer in
Drugs and Medicines
PAINTS, OILS,
FANCY GOODS, &C.
KANE PA.

40 DOLLARS pays for LIFE SCHOLARSHIP in PALMS' BUSINESS COLLEGE
1709 Chestnut St., Philadelphia.
Positions for Graduates. Time required 3 to 4 mos. The Best Equipped. Best Course of Study. Best Everything. Write for Circulars.
Feb. 19, [illegible]

A PRIZE. Send six cents for postage, and receive free, a costly box of goods which will help you to more money right away than anything else in this world. All, of either sex succeed from first hour. The broad road to fortune opens before the workers, absolutely sure. At once address, TRUE & Co., Augusta, Maine.

Farm for Sale.

FARM containing one hundred acres good grass and grain land. Fine apple orchard, also pear orchard that paid nearly one hundred dollars for last season's crop; never failing springs and spring brook running through the farm. This is considered one of the most productive farms in the county, with dwelling house, milk and corn house, barn and horse barn, fine sugar bush. Will be sold on reasonable terms. [illegible] in yearly installments. [illegible] The farm is situated three miles from the county seat.

A. REILLY,
Smethport, McKean Co., Pa.
Feb. 24, 1886-tf.

BARK AND LOG JOBBERS Should send for Cartwright's Tally Book. The principle is similar to Cartwright's Standard Log and Lumber Tally Books, so well known (slated surfaces). May be used in the Wet. Written upon and Erased. It gives the exact contents of any size pile or any number of such piles.

IT INSURES ACCURACY.

And also utterly makes disputes between jobbers and owners impossible, no matter how deficient in figures either party may be.

A paper book properly ruled and printed, to contain general results of each measurement accompanies each slate book, so that the slate book may be erased whenever desired. The price of these books can be saved, many times in each measurement.

Liberal discounts to agents and the trade.
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Jan. 8, 1886-tf.

MASONIC HALL
FURNITURE STORE!
Specht & Sasse

We are now settled in our new store and are prepared to furnish the people of this vicinity and county with

FURNITURE!
of all kinds and of
PRICE AND QUALITY
to suit the purchaser.
Undertaking in all its branches.
Full and Complete Line of
WALL PAPER!
Constantly on hand.
Friends and patrons are invited to
CALL AND SEE US
at our location, and
Look at our Stock
SPECHT & SASSE,
Main St., Smethport, Pa.

DRUGS
PATENT MEDICINES,
School Books, Blank Books.
STATIONERY,
FANCY GOODS.
DRUGGISTS SUNDRIES,
NEWS DEPOT AND CIRCULATING LIBRARY CAN BE FOUND AT
THE
DRUG AND BOOK STORE
—OF—
A. B. ARMSTRONG,
Smethport, Pa.

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Druggist & Pharmacist
No. 34 Main Street,
SMETHPORT, PA.

Fresh and Reliable Drugs, Pure Wines and Liquors for Medicinal Purposes, Patent Medicines, Fine Stationery, Toilet Articles, Perfumery, And a Full Line of Cigars Always On Hand.
Prescriptions Accurately Compounded Night or Day.
An Electric night bell connected with sleeping room gives special facilities for night calls.

A GIFT Send 10 cents postage, and we will mail you free a royal, valuable, sample box of goods that will put you in the way of making more money at once, than anything else in America. Both sexes of all ages can live at home and work in spare time, or all the time. Capital not required. We will start you. Immense pay sure for those who start at once. STINSON & CO., Portland, Maine.

AN OPPORTUNITY!

Tuesday, June 1, '86,

We will place on sale bales and boxes of

DRY GOODS

from recent purchases in New York

AT PRICES MUCH BELOW COST

to many merchants. Will you embrace the opportunity and visit our store opening the early part of June. Some of the best values will not stay long although the quantities are large.

10,000 (ten thousand) yards Summer Silks, stripes and checks, checks in blue, red and black, and brown recently sold for 36 cents will be sold without reserve at 25 cents per yard.

GOODS IN PLAIN FIGURES. ONLY ONE PRICE.

Two thousand five hundred yards Challie Delaines, cream ground with colored figures, worth 25 cents will go at 12 1-2 cents per yard.

First Floor Dry Goods of Every Description.
2d Floor Carpets, Wall Paper, Curtains, &c.
3d Floor Manufacturing and Work Room.

1 lot Fruit of Loom 7c. per yard.
1 lot Lounsdale 7c. per yard.
1 lot Brown Muslin 4 1-2c. per yard.
1 lot Brown Muslin 5c. per yard.
1 lot Lawns 3c. per yard.
Best Quality White Carpet Warp 18c.
Best Quality Colored Carpet Warp 20c.
1 Large Lot (colors and black) Taffeta Silk Gloves at 25c. per pair, worth 40 to 50c.
1 Lot E. O. Burt's best French Kid Shoes $5.00, worth $6.00 to $6.50.

Shoes of every description at very close margins.

Carpets at reduced prices, to close out a large quantity of remnants 5 to 25 yards.

50 Dozen full, regular made Ladies' Hose, black and colors at 19 cents per pair, reduced from 25 cents.

$20,000 in Dress Goods!

black and colored silks, velvets, novelties, combination suitings, at lower prices than We have been able to offer before.

Dusenbury Brothers & Truesdell,

113 UNION STREET,

OLEAN, - - N. Y.

—GO TO—
H. W. RUBIN'S,
—FOR YOUR—
Clothing, Gents' Furnishing Goods,
HATS and CAPS,
Boots, Shoes, Slippers, etc.,
—MAIN STREET—
SMETHPORT, PENN'A.

Read the following prices and examine our goods before purchasing elsewhere:

	from $3 50	to $25 00
Men's Suits	" $2 50	" $12 00
Youths' "	" $2 00	" $8 00
Childrens "	" $2 50	" $5 50
Cassimer Pants	" 75	" [illegible]
Kentucky Jean Pants	" $1 00	" $1 75
Moleskin Pants	" 35	" 50
Cotton Underwear	" 25	" 65
" Shirts	" $1 25	" $2 50
Woolen "	" 50	" $2 00
Fine "	" 10	" 75
Stockings	" 50	" $2 75
Soft Wool Hats	" $1 50	" $3 50
Stiff " "	" 50	" $1 00
Boys' Stiff "	" 15	" $3 50
Straw "	" $2 00	" $3 75
Boots	" $1 50	" $3 50
Men's Shoes	" $1 25	" $2 00
Boys' "	" $1 25	" $3 75
Ladies' "	" 75	" $1 75
" Slippers		

The PERCHERON-NORMAN

The Future Draft Horse of America, has size; a kind disposition that is unexcelled; a fineness of bone given him by the Arabian, making any unsoundness of the bones almost unknown to his race; he breeds his points of excellence strong, making his —colt a prize.—

"FRA DIAVOLA,"

One of the finest horses that France has ever furnished us will be at SMETHPORT,

Thursday Eve., Friday and Saturday

Every other week, commencing THURSDAY, APRIL 29th, where all judges of draft horse stock are invited to see him.

☞ See Posters for particulars.

Will Dickinson.

Ridgway, Pa., April 28, 1886.

LESSONS IN PAINTING

Miss F. L. ROGERS will give lessons to a limited number of scholars in Painting in
OIL AND WATER COLORS,
PAINTING ON CHINA,
DRAWING,
SKETCHING IN INDIA INK.
☞ Residence on King Street, corner Holmes, Smethport, Pa., March 24, 1886.

BROWNELL BROS
HAVE AN IMMENSE
WINTER STOCK
—OF—
DRY GOODS,
NOTIONS,
BOOTS AND SHOES,
HATS AND CAPS.
GENT'S FURNISHING GOODS,
A FULL LINE OF
GROCERIES, PROVISIONS,
ETC., ETC.
OUR MOTTO—"Justice to all."
Smethport, - Pa.
January 1, 1886.

DR. LINDSEY'S BLOOD SEARCHER
CURES
Scrofula, Malaria, Cancer, Erysipelas, Boils, Pimples, Ulcers, Sore Eyes, Tetter, Salt-Rheum, Mercurial and all Skin Diseases. Also Constipation and Liver Complaint.

LADIES who suffer from debilitating diseases and Female Complaints, will find speedy relief by using this remedy. It makes a lovely complexion.

C. W. LINSCOTT, of Mesopotamia, O., was cured of Scrofula of thirty years. Two bottles cured Mrs. E. J. Dukes, of Coxfax, Ind., of ulcerated ankle and big neck. Dr. Lindsey's Blood Searcher cured my son of Erysipelas.—Mrs. E. SHELTERS, Larimer Station, Pa.

The Blood Searcher is the Safest, Surest, and Most Powerful Purifier ever known. Sold by all druggists.

To Regulate the Liver.
USE ONLY SELLERS' LIVER PILLS, the best and only true LIVER REGULATOR. They cure Headache, Biliousness, Costiveness, Liver Complaint, Fever and Ague, and all similar diseases like magic. Get the right kind. SELLERS' LIVER PILLS, 25 cts. From all druggists.

IMPORTED
Clydesdale Stallion!
TINTO
Will make the season of 1886 at Palmer's Livery and Sale Stables, Smethport, Pa. He is a Beautiful
DAPPLE BAY,
Weighing
1,400 POUNDS!
of uncommon smoothness of build. Square, Flat Hips, Clean, Cordy Legs, superior Bone and Muscle; good action and has proven himself to be a
—very—
Positive Re-producer!

We invite the attention of Farmers and Horse Men generally to the above named horse and will be pleased to show him at all times.

A. T. PALMER } Owners.
and }
JAS. A. MCKEAN }
Smethport, Pa., March 18, '86—tf

$200,000 in presents given away. Send us 5 cents postage, and by mail you will get free a package of goods of large value, that will start you in work that will at once bring you in money faster than anything else in America. All about the $200,000 in presents with each box. Agents wanted everywhere, of either sex, of all ages, for all the time, or spare time only, to work for us at their own homes. Fortunes for all workers absolutely assured. Don't delay. H. HALLETT & Co. Portland, Maine.

U. B. Mutual Aid!

This Company received its charter March [illegible], 1869. It has paid to widows and orphans IN CASH

$4,474,000!

Up to the present time. The Company is known as the

MOST RELIABLE

One to insure in. It has always paid its losses

IN FULL
—AND—
PROMPTLY.

I have paid $6,000 of this Company's money to beneficiaries in this county since I have been its agent, as follows:

To the representatives of
S. B. Sartwell, Smethport, [illegible]
Mrs. Geo. Welker, Kane, [illegible]
Mr. Wm. Fitzpatrick, $1,000
Mr. Michael Burke $1,000

The latter was killed within eleven days from the date of his insurance which cost him only $9.60.

C. A. BURDICK, Agent.
Smethport, Dec. 22, 1885.

F. C. OLDS,
At his store in
FARMERS' VALLEY, PA.
is prepared to supply his customers with
DRY GOODS,
GROCERIES,
BOOTS AND SHOES,
Crockery, and all other goods required for family use or to keep soul and body together, at figures that will astonish
The Natives!

He keeps on hand always the choicest brands of Flour, Feed, &c., and his Buckwheat can't be beat in the Universe. Smethport people will save money by taking a short ride of four miles over a lovely road and buy their goods for less money than they can buy at home.

Farmers' Valley, Nov. 20, 1884. 48-ly

BARBER SHOP
ALFRED STURDVIENT
Would respectfully announce to his patrons and the public generally that he has moved his Barber shop into his recently finished and commodious new Marble Front building next door to W. D. Gallup's store, Main street, where he is prepared to do
SHAVING AND HAIRDRESSING
In the latest style of the art. None but first-class workmen employed.
☞ BATH ROOMS ATTACHED.

NEW YORK
LIFE INSURANCE CO.
41 YEARS OF BUSINESS!
$67,000,000 in Cash Assets!
$89,000,000 Paid to Policy-Holders.
Income from Interest and Rents over $3,000,000 Annually.

Expenses in proportion to business less than in any good company.

Death rates less than in any good company.

SURPLUS OVER $13,000,000!
S. E. MULFORD,
Actuary, Pennsylvania Department, 26 and 28 Walnut Street, Philadelphia.
Chas. B. Hamlin -- Smethport, Pa.
Smethport, MAY 15, 1886-tf.

McKean County Miner

NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS.

[illegible] your paper shows the time to [illegible] address of your paper changed, [illegible] as well as the new one. [illegible] stopped, pay arrear- [illegible] the publisher [illegible] whether you take it from [illegible] the paper regularly let us [illegible] a paper every week [illegible] with the mail when not re- [illegible]

Smethport, Pa., June 4, 1886.

LOCAL AND HUMOROUS.

[illegible] one of the busiest [illegible] of Smethport.

[illegible] about two hundred [illegible] unveiling ceremonies Wed- [illegible]

[illegible] been quite elaborately [illegible] at Port Allegany [illegible]

[illegible] of East Smethport, is [illegible] reputation as an in- [illegible]

[illegible] with con- [illegible] this section the fore- [illegible]

[illegible] of this place [illegible] churches to be [illegible]

[illegible] of the warm [illegible] season. The [illegible] will be [illegible] Commissioner Black is deserving [illegible] to furnish the people [illegible] with first class thorough- [illegible]

[illegible] Harry Wells to [illegible] most painful [illegible] worn threadbare by [illegible]

[illegible] for Judge Ford to [illegible] with the [illegible] at the rear of [illegible]

[illegible] Italians with two [illegible] were among [illegible] attractions to [illegible] Wednesday.

[illegible] has conferring upon [illegible] the report [illegible] will be found in [illegible] to-day's MINER.

[illegible] are now [illegible] showing [illegible] which we shall [illegible] of bad walks.

[illegible] consolidated [illegible] flattering [illegible] in the county, [illegible] justly entitled to [illegible] Wednesday was esti- [illegible] from six to ten thousand. Perhaps eight thousand [illegible] figures to place.

[illegible] county murderer, [illegible] the August term of court [illegible] Hon. Henry Sherwood will [illegible] in the prose- [illegible]

[illegible] of the Port Allegany [illegible] decided to have races [illegible] of July. We have no [illegible] will be a big day for that [illegible]

[illegible] was elected Saturday [illegible] delegate to represent the [illegible] at the meeting of the [illegible] Commander [illegible]. A better se- [illegible] have been made.

[illegible] up the story that [illegible] on the outside of [illegible] for several weeks past, en- [illegible] California." It goes [illegible] this story has been [illegible] interest by our readers.

[illegible] entered the house of Wm. [illegible] Wednesday afternoon last, and [illegible] getting away with twelve [illegible] and a revolver. The [illegible] of entrance to the house by [illegible] down the cellar door with a [illegible] hammer.

[illegible] referring to the proper column it [illegible] be seen that important changes have [illegible] made in the following railroad time [illegible] Philadelphia & Erie Division of [illegible] sylvania Railroad, Clermont Branch [illegible] N. Y., L. E. & W. Railroad, and Coudersport [illegible] Allegany railroad.

[illegible] a short time while making some [illegible] the roof of his residence in Mc- [illegible] fell to the ground [illegible] fractured his nose and [illegible] wrists. Jud will be more [illegible] as to how he perambulates on house tops.

[illegible] the Commissioners [illegible] placed near [illegible] Henry [illegible] notices of this kind.

[illegible] is determined [illegible] not die for [illegible] He has watered [illegible] a day, ever [illegible] in position, for [illegible] the thanks of the [illegible]

[illegible] New Orleans Min- [illegible] packed house at [illegible] Wednesday night and [illegible] performance [illegible] Smethport. Com- [illegible] in these parts and [illegible] of drawing a crowd [illegible] this way.

[illegible] o'clock a. m. and [illegible] the comet. Look east [illegible] If you don't [illegible] uncomfortable bed so [illegible] in the evening a [illegible] in the west, a little [illegible] setting. If you don't [illegible] as for it.

[illegible] recently brought from [illegible] watch which is [illegible] It has no face like an [illegible] but simply three indica- [illegible] the hour of the day one [illegible] and a third the second. [illegible] piece of mechanism and [illegible] very reliable as a time-keeper.

[illegible] who is employed by A. J. [illegible] went out to milk [illegible] and was severely in- [illegible] kicked by a cow. His [illegible] and he was otherwise [illegible] battered up. Dr. Freeman [illegible] and made the sufferer as com- [illegible] possible under the circum- [illegible]

[illegible] Ingersoll recently was talking [illegible] colored woman in Washing- [illegible] matters. "Do you really [illegible]," said he, "that people are [illegible]" "Yes, sah," the Bible [illegible] so I b'lieves it." "But [illegible] wet weather, when there's [illegible]" "Den I s'pects dey [illegible] sick truck."—*Puck.*

[illegible] keys was found on King [illegible] Washington, a few days since, [illegible] Colegrove, Esq., who left them [illegible] for safe keeping. There are [illegible] looking keys in the lot [illegible] a bare possibility that they [illegible] burglar. However, the [illegible] have them by proving proper- [illegible]

[illegible] who will steal soap from a [illegible] be excused on the [illegible] this is one of the necessaries [illegible] Not so, however, with a clay [illegible] the light fingered wretch [illegible] stoop so low as to pur- [illegible] worth of clay would not [illegible] worthy person with whom to [illegible] keeping of early spring chick- [illegible]

[illegible] who is every now and then [illegible] the natives with his [illegible] appears to have [illegible] the bill boards in this town. [illegible] greatly disturbed in [illegible] to know how he is going [illegible] Port Allegany to-morrow so as [illegible] complimentary tickets to [illegible] ought to be able to [illegible]

[illegible] base ball club [illegible] to Kane on Satur- [illegible] purpose of playing a [illegible] with the Kaneites. [illegible] would indicate that our [illegible] everything their [illegible] two to thirteen looks [illegible] were losing their [illegible] National game to an alarming [illegible] Smethport is turning out [illegible] the hottest base ballists this side [illegible] Mason and Dixon's line.

—Court adjourned Tuesday.

—Vendors of lemonade all cleared small fortunes on Wednesday last.

—Post 347 of this place decorated the graves of 56 soldiers this year.

—Pickpockets reaped quite a rich harvest on Wednesday last in this town.

—The band boys' ball at the rink on Wednesday evening last was a grand success.

—This place was visited by a most refreshing shower on Wednesday evening last.

—The Port Allegany Band received many compliments Wednesday for their fine playing.

—The Smethport postoffice question was most satisfactorily settled at the Opera House Wednesday evening last.

—The Decoration services at the Norwich cemetery, conducted by comrade J. H. McQuade, were most beautiful and impressive.

—The Port Allegany band tournament, which will take place on Wednesday next, promises to be a grand affair. $250 will be given in prizes.

—[illegible] King with his characteristic forethought erected a drinking fountain in front of his business place for the use of the thirsty multitudes on Wednesday.

—The L. Emery band of Bradford, is certainly one of the best bands in northwestern Pennsylvania. How could it be otherwise with Perry Black as instructor?

—[illegible] Hamer, Esq., of Clermont, lost his pocketbook containing $25, on Wednesday. He is confident he lost it after he took the train for home in the evening.

—It was the universal remark of all that it was never before seen such an orderly crowd as that of Wednesday. A drunken man was quite a rare sight on the streets of Smethport that day.

—The Eldred band in their handsome new uniform attracted much attention in the procession on Wednesday last. And by the way this organization furnished some very fine music on our streets that day.

—The most beautiful wreath among the decoration tributes was placed upon the grave of that noble Bucktail soldier, Thos. Mahoney, by his brother, J. A. Mahoney, Esq., of Wilcox. It was the admiration of all.

—The Nnnd Creek oil well was cleaned out a week ago and we understand a torpedo was to have been put in yesterday, Thursday. The well is down two thousand feet, and it is said there is good sand with a fair show of oil.

—Comrade Patrick Rowan made the beautiful [illegible] on which was inscribed [illegible] which was fastened to the gate at the entrance to the cemetery. There was no handsomer emblem at the cemetery.

—Any one who found a memorandum book belonging to C. B. Gould, of Emporium on Wednesday last, will confer a favor on the owner of the same by leaving it at the Grand Central Hotel. It can be of no value to any one else and it is of considerable value to its owner.

—The citizens of Coudersport have every reason for feeling proud of their fine cornet band. If the music they furnished in Smethport last Wednesday was a fair sample of what this band can do they need have no fear of trying their skill with any band organization in this section.

—Senator Emery entertained Messrs. Gobin, Norris and Stewart at his elegant residence in Bradford during Thursday. A reception was given them in the evening which was attended by many of the leading citizens of the city and other sections of the county. It was an exceedingly enjoyable affair.

—We are specially indebted to the L. Emery, Jr., band, preceded by the stately tread of Drum-Major John Kane, and the Bradford Exempts, under the command of that prince of good fellows, John Andrews, for a serenade just before they left town on Wednesday. The occasion was sprung upon us and we were not equal to the emergency. Try us again, boys.

—Thos. Moran, of Rushford, Allegany county, N. Y., was the guest of the family of R. D. Ames several days this week. Mr. Moran is extensively engaged in the foundry business and is furnishing stove backs and other castings in this section quite largely. He is an honorable dealer and worthy the patronage of those desiring articles of his manufacture.

—A man is wanted to take charge of the grounds of the McKean agricultural society at Port Allegany. The use of house, grounds and track will be given free to the right man. There are a number of horses in that vicinity which the owners wish trained and which will be given to a man who thoroughly understands the business. For further particulars apply to E. B. Dolley, President, Port Allegany, Pa.

—Robert Dick, Esq., who has so long and acceptably filled the position of mining boss at the Clermont mines in this county, has accepted a similar position at the N. Y., L. E. & W. R. R. Co.'s mines at [illegible] These mines are [illegible] Brockwayville, Jefferson county. Mr. Dick is one of the most experienced and practical miners in this section of the State, and he is invaluable to any mining company. We regret to see him leave this county, but what is our loss is [illegible] county's gain.

—It is strange to what lengths some able-bodied men will go to make a fool of himself by standing out in the hot sun and try and see how much he can strike with a heavy wooden beetle on one of the humbug contrivances commonly called a striking-machine. But there were any number of that class in town on Wednesday who were willing to pay for the privilege of making asses of themselves in this way, who would consider it a great hardship to go out and drive fence posts, where their work would count for something.

—A Bradford correspondent occupied a whole column of last Sunday's Elmira *Telegram* in giving a history of the Freeman-Burdick case from its earliest stages down to the present time. What will most astonish Smethport readers of the article in question are the statements therein contained to the effect that one of the parties to this action is six feet four inches in his stocking feet and is very wealthy. This will be apt to put an entirely new phase on this interesting suit —providing these statements are absolutely true.

—A shocking accident occurred at Waldman's mill last Saturday morning, which came very near proving fatal to Horatio Rice, a young man of sixteen years. He was riding on some cars that were being "set in" on the mill siding, and in stepping from one to another missed his footing and fell to the track between them. His right foot was caught by the wheels and badly crushed and he received other injuries, of a slight nature, from being hit on the shoulder by a brake beam. Drs. Balfour and Young were called and amputated the leg a little above the ankle. The patient is getting along nicely.—*Eagle.*

—New line Pullman palace sleepers, Olean to New York via Hinsdale, Cuba and Angelica. On and after Monday, May 24th, the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western Railroad will run a through sleeping car daily, between Olean and New York over the Lackawanna & Pittsburgh railroad. Leave Olean 7.00 p. m., arrive New York 7.10 a. m. Leave New York 7.00 p. m., arrive Olean 8.[illegible] a. m. Connecting with River Division and Narrow Gauge Division of B., N. Y. & P. R. R., both ways. Patronize the new line, Double track, steel rails, stone ballast, fresh clean sleepers. Always on time.

—We will announce for the information of our local readers (and it will be news to them) that a special train was run from here to Smethport, this Wednesday a. m., to accommodate those who wished to attend the great exercises there to-day. Six tickets were sold here, whereas if our people had known of the arrangement, *sixty*, instead of six, would have been nearer the number.—*Emporium Independent.* It was not the fault of the managers of the unveiling exercises that our Emporium friends did not have ample notice of the running of an excursion train from that place on the day in question, as bills announcing the fact were mailed to the station agent at Emporium a week ago last Tuesday.

Baptist Church.

Services next Sunday morning and evening at the usual hours. The subject of the evening discourse will be: "A Great evil." In the afternoon at 3:30 o'clock services will be held at the Union church, Colegrove. All are invited.

PROVIDE for your family by insuring in the New York Life.

CASH paid for wool at W. D. Gallup's.

PERSONAL MENTION.

We would deem it a favor if those having friends visiting in this place would notify us by postal or by leaving a notice at this office.

Malone of the *Leader* took in the unveiling ceremonies.

Jake Lemmler, of Eldred, attended the unveiling ceremonies.

G. O. Buckley, of Annin Creek, made the MINER a call Wednesday.

E. M. Ault of Forest House took in the unveiling ceremonies Wednesday.

Mrs. John Barden of Mansfield is visiting her daughter, Mrs. J. C. Gallup.

"Shorty" Wright, of Jo-Jo, attended the unveiling ceremonies Wednesday.

Thomas McDowell and wife of Port Allegany were in town on Wednesday.

Mrs. E. H. Taylor returned Monday evening from a visit to Mansfield friends.

Al. Leasure and sister, Miss Ettie, of Bradford, attended the dance Wednesday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. E. P. Dalrymple of Port Allegany were in attendance at the unveiling ceremonies.

Elisha K. Kane, Esq., of Kane, was a deeply interested spectator of the unveiling ceremonies.

Miss Eva [illegible], formerly of this place but now of Randolph, N. Y., is visiting Miss Addie Brownell.

Thos. Harrington, the racy newspaper correspondent of Coudersport, took in the unveiling ceremonies.

It looked like old times to see the familiar face of ex-Judge Wilson on our streets Wednesday last.

Rev. [illegible] of Angelica, N. Y., has been visiting friends in this section during the past week.

Miss Vinnie Squires, of Eldred, has been visiting Miss Edith Shoemaker of this place, for the past few days.

C. B. Gould the veteran editor of the Cameron County *Press* was present at the unveiling exercises Wednesday.

Misses Flora Parsons and Bertie Stranahan, of Gaines, Pa., were visiting friends in this place a few days this week.

Fitz Henry Arnold, Esq., one of Port Allegany's leading citizens, was in attendance upon the unveiling ceremonies.

F. F. Kirk, the genial proprietor of the Hotel Lafayette, Driftwood, was in attendance at the unveiling ceremonies Wednesday.

Will [illegible] had the misfortune to badly mash his hand while working about the lath machine in Gifford's mill on Tuesday last.

Prof. Horton of the Port Allegany High School is a member of the Port Allegany Band and did excellent service in the ranks Wednesday last.

Mr. David [illegible], of Malone, N. Y., who is visiting his daughter, Mrs. L. Cushing, of Bradford, visited Mr. and Mrs. John Baker, Wednesday last.

Mr. Henry [illegible], drum-major of the Smethport band, was "setting 'em up" to his many friends the forepart of the week. It's a bouncing girl.

Rev. F. H. Gates and W. J. Milliken, Esq., are trouting to-day on the headwaters of Potato Creek. So prepare for some big trout stories on their return.

Mr. Alonzo [illegible], of Eldred, called on us Wednesday and renewed his subscription, and in doing so took occasion to say that he had taken the MINER for twenty-two years.

J. H. Williams, one of Port Allegany's most popular and enterprising young business men, has been spending several days in town this week, serving as a juror and taking in the unveiling ceremonies.

H. H. Mullin, of the Emporium *Press*, dropped in upon us on Wednesday last. Mr. Mullin besides attending to his newspaper duties, by way of recreation, most acceptably fills the office of commissioners' clerk of Cameron county.

Suppress It.

ED. MINER:—Will you publish the following and oblige. Yours, truly,

PATRICK ROWAN.

East Smethport, May 26, 1886.

ED. *Buffalo World*,—SIR:—Your foul sheet is so putrid in venom, meanness and corruption, and so insulting to patriotism, that the poisonous remains of its editor are not fit to be gathered from the swamps which abound in our country. Can you refrain from the vile abuse and indecent language which characterizes your dirty sheet? If not we people of this section will not take it into their dwellings any longer.

PATRICK ROWAN.

East Smethport, Pa.

A Big Yield of Wool.

Last fall Commissioner Reilly purchased at the Corry fair four sheep for the county poor farm. Last Friday M. S. Shelton sheared these sheep, and the yield of wool from each indicates that Mr. Reilly was wise in his selection of this small but choice flock of sheep. The four fleeces weighed in the aggregate [illegible] pounds, divided as follows: The sheep known as [illegible] weighed 15½ pounds, a two-year-old ewe clipped 13¾ pounds, a yearling ewe turned off a fleece which weighed 12¾ pounds, and a two-year-old ewe, that had lost some of its wool before shearing time, produced 9 pounds of wool. The above figures indicate the yield of perfectly clean wool, free from tags, and if anybody in this section has got four sheep that can beat the above record we should be pleased to hear from them.

An Old Hand

One of Eldred's fair sex dropped into Dr. Sharp's office the other day and asked to have a dose of morphine injected under the skin. The doctor proceeded to dissolve one-eighth of a grain —that being the ordinary dose for hypodermic injection. Whereupon the damsel began to expostulate, declaring that that quantity would do her no good. The doctor assured her that he would not administer a larger dose under the circumstances. She asked the privilege of remaining in the office and injecting the drug herself. The doctor reluctantly gave her the privilege, when she at once turned out of a bottle 30 grains of morphine, dissolved it and injected it into her limb which was already punctured full of holes from the use of this instrument; this amount of the drug would kill at least 50 persons not habituated to its use. The doctor is a temperance man, but he says if one has got to be stimulated in any way, take alcohol in preference, as it will not get such a strong hold on the reasoning powers as does morphine. This woman has been to an opium cure, but it was to no purpose. Moderate users of this drug should take heed of the awful consequences resulting from it when the habit is once thoroughly formed—when there is no relief for the poor unfortunate this side of the grave.

McKean Agricultural Society.

Our neighbors of Port Allegany have been striving very commendably for years to arouse an interest in agricultural matters. An agricultural society was organized six years ago, land for a fair ground was purchased, and two thousand dollars was expended in buildings and improvements of grounds, etc. Considerable of a debt was contracted, and the society was consequently very much hampered until two years ago, when some twenty gentlemen stepped forward and subscribed for enough stock to pay off the indebtedness. On Friday of last week a meeting of the society was held when a thousand dollars more of the stock was subscribed for, and it was decided to hold a fair this year. There is no reason why all the people of the county, and particularly those engaged in agricultural pursuits, should not become interested in this society. Up to this time it has been almost entirely sustained by the enterprising citizens of Port Allegany. That this is the case does not speak well for the people of the county at large. There is no reason why McKean county should not have an agricultural society which would compare favorably with any in this section of country, and it is to be hoped that the efforts of our neighbors will be seconded in a substantial manner by other sections of the county. The following are the officers for the ensuing year:

President	E. B. Dolley.
1st Vice-President	H. Snyder.
2nd Vice-President	L. J. Gallup.
Treasurer	E. C. Rand.
Secretary	A. J. Hughes.
Assistant Secretary	C. E. Earl.
Directors	F. H. Arnold, E. C. Gallup and C. A. Dolley.
Auditors	Geo. B. Fitch, O. L. Snyder and Henry Smith.
General Sup't	N. Metcalf.
Sup't of Stock	L. J. Gallup.
Sup't Floral Hall	Mrs C. E. Earl.
do do do	Mrs. A. J. Hughes.
Sup't Agricultural Hall	H. Smith.
do Gates and Tickets	C. E. Earl.
do Police	H. E. Hall.

The Great Demonstration!

Attending the Unveiling of the Splendid Monument on the Court House Square, Dedicated to the Soldiers' and Sailors' of McKean County, who have Given Their Lives that Their Government Might Live.

No grander event was ever witnessed within the confines of McKean county than that of Wednesday last, when the Soldiers' and Sailors' Monument just erected in the Court House square was unveiled, which commemorates the heroism of the men who have battled for their country's existence. From the *Era's* graphic account (which brother Jordan authorizes us to use to our heart's content) we extract very considerable of the following:

"At an early hour the tide set in toward the county seat and continued without abatement until high noon. Farmers' wagons loaded with sturdy yeomen in Sunday attire, their wives and sweethearts in snowy white, decked with bright colors, jolted in; special trains began to disgorge lively freight and pedestrians drifted in from every quarter of the compass. Nor were these last the least interesting of the incomers. Some of them were grizzled men wearing the blue of the Grand Army, and curled about the crowns of their caps were those famous emblems of McKean county's patriotism, the bucktails, victorious plumes on many a hard fought field. It was the day of all others for these men. None else could so fully appreciate its significance. To those veterans who have found homes here long after the war the occasion was one of patriotic moment, but the men who went out from McKean county to battle had a deeper and more personal interest in this, their celebration.

The sun obligingly hid his fiery face save at brief intervals during the day and and went to bed obscurely so that the thousands that overran the streets of the old borough did not suffer so much as they might, which is not saying a great deal. The streets were deep with dust, with now and then a flurry of wind to aggravate matters, while the air was close and sultry. It was a large, orderly, dusty, good-natured and thirsty crowd, largely composed of those to whom a visit to town is an event. During the early hours of the day there was the bustle of preparation and the clamor of martial music announcing the arrival of visiting delegations who were hospitably taken by hand and given a chance to brush up for the great parade. It should be understood that in order to prevent two celebrations in close succession, McKean Post, of Smethport, decided to hold memorial services at the cemetery on the day set apart for unveiling the monument. The observance was duly held by the local Post and it was optional with outside organizations whether they participated or not in this feature of the day.

As the Exempt firemen of this city, thirty in number, had decided to take part in the parade to the cemetery, they were obliged to start earlier than Post 141, the members of which attended only the unveiling ceremonies. Headed by the L. Emery, Jr., band and commanded by Foreman J. L. Andrews and assistants, the veteran firemen in their handsome gray uniforms marched in force to the Union depot where a special train bore them and a number of city officials and friends over the hill. By the time they arrived preparations for the greatest procession Smethport ever saw were well under way. The column was advertised to move at 9:30, but was an hour late in getting under way. Throngs lined the streets, proceeded to the cemetery and followed it.

The first division was headed by Marshal B. F. Wright and aids. A. J. Martin commanded this division with F. B. Dean and J. J. Robertsaids. Then came the Smethport cornet band, a fine musical organization, and then a number of carriages containing Hon. Arthur G. Olmsted of Coudersport, Hon. Stephen F. Wilson of Wellsboro, J. K. Walker, Esq., of Bradford, Mayor P. M. Shannon, ex-Mayor Will F. Jordan, and members of the councils of Bradford, the burgess and councilmen of Coudersport, Emporium and other boroughs of this county. After these marched the L. Emery, Jr., band playing in their usual excellent style and furnishing marching time for the Exempts of Bradford whose manly bearing and fine appearance provoked any amount of favorable comment. The Coudersport fire companies and Sartwell Hose, of Eldred, were a fine and well uniformed body of men. The Eldred band was handsomely uniformed and played stirring music for the Eldred Hook and Ladder, Richmond Hose of Smethport and Smethport Hose Companies well equipped and drilled men.

S. Gorton commanded the second division of secret societies, with C. D. Knight and Harry Wells as aids. The Port Allegany band discoursed spirited strains for the Select Knights, Kendall A. O. U. W., Clermont and Smethport lodges I. O. O. F., all of whom elicited favorable attention.

Last but far from least marched the honored veterans, making the third division with C. N. Barrett commanding and Thos. H. Ryan and R. A. Rice aids. The Coudersport band did the instrumental part in good style. Gen. J. P. S. Gobin, department commander and staff, accompanied by Col. A. E. Wilcox occupied carriages. Daughters of veterans with flowers who were in charge of J. M. McElroy and Dr. H. L. McCoy formed a pleasant feature in the ranks. The posts represented were A. F. Jones, Coudersport; H. Metcalf, Port Allegany; C. H. Barnes, Sharon Centre; J. R. Jones, Eldred, J. H. Mullin, Duke Centre, and McKean, Smethport. The old soldiers, many of whom showed the ineffaceable scars of conflict in missing limbs and broken constitutions were the real heroes of the day. The old familiar strains put new life in their veins, and they toiled through the dust with as much spirit if not as much strength, as the young men of the more showy bodies in line.

The column was fully a mile in length. As it wound like a narrow, variegated ribbon through the valley and up the steep hill, with the sounds of music softly blending, the effect was beautiful and impressive. Rose Hill Cemetery, a lovely spot, commanding a far-reaching view of mighty wooded hills and fertile valleys, was first entered by the Grand Army men with drums rolling impressively. A place had been set apart for the exercises. Amid the other floral decorations was an exquisite monument of flowers upon the platform. About this the G. A. R. posts formed a hollow square.

After a dirge by the Smethport band, Post Commander W. H. Grunabine made an appropriate address, Adjutant H. L. Burlingame read the general order, music was rendered by a male quartette conducted by Dr. H. L. McCoy. Chaplain J. H. McQuade offered prayer and a selection by the L. Emery, Jr., band was played. Gen. T. J. Stewart, of Philadelphia, then delivered a most beautiful and touching address, which was listened to with intense interest by the vast throng present. It is impossible for us this week to publish Mr. Stewart's speech or those made during the unveiling exercises. They were all excellent and creditable to the gentlemen delivering them, and we shall endeavor to publish them in full next week. At the close of Mr. Stewart's speech, a fine vocal selection, followed by the strewing of flowers, closed the exercises at the cemetery. The column was then re-formed and marched back to town where it dispersed for dinner.

It was after three o'clock before the unveiling ceremony was commenced. After the Grand Army had succeeded in forming a hollow square around the monument the president, vice-presidents and invited guests took seats upon the immense canvas-covered stand which has been erected for that purpose. The vast concourse was then called to order by Comrade Rogers, of Post 347, who introduced Senator Emery, he having been selected by the committee of arrangements to preside. The Senator, in a few well-chosen words, expressed his sincere thanks for being called upon to preside on so momentous an occasion, but owing to the lateness of the hour declined to make any extended remarks, as he would be called upon to speak again during the proceedings.

The following letters of regret from distinguished citizens were read by the Chairman of the Committee on Speakers:

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES U. S.,
Washington, April 5, 1886.

MESSRS. L. ROGERS, B. D. HAMLIN AND E. H. ROSS, Smethport, Pa.

GENTLEMEN:—Nothing could give me more pleasure than to be present and assist in the ceremonies of the unveiling of the soldiers' monument in your place, but as Congress will be in session at that time and a leave of absence uncertain I cannot say that it will be possible for me to be with you on the occasion.

Smethport is one of the few towns in Pennsylvania that I have not visited, but I have always desired to do so, and more especially, as my relations with the soldiers who came from that part of Pennsylvania were of the most agreeable character.

It has been my habit since my return to our country to always participate in the ceremonies of Decoration Day, but the possibilities of my coming are so uncertain that I cannot promise to be with you.

Many thanks for your kind invitation and the opportunity you afford me.

Believe me, truly your friend,
A. G. CURTIN.

UNITED STATES SENATE,
Washington, D. C., May 1, 1886.

L. Rogers, Esq.:

MY DEAR SIR:—I am in receipt of your very cordial letter of the 26th ult., inviting me to attend the exercises to be held at Smethport, June 2d, on the occasion of the unveiling of the soldiers' and sailors' monument. I assure you it would give me great pleasure to accept this invitation, but I have promised Senator Harrison that if I went anywhere at that time, I would go with him to Indianapolis where a monster soldiers' meeting is to be held. Again thanking you for your kindness in extending me this invitation to meet the old soldiers of Northern Pennsylvania, I am very truly,

JOHN A. LOGAN.

1812 Spruce Street,
PHILADELPHIA, May 7, 1886.

MY DEAR SIR:—On my return home I find your telegram inviting me to deliver the address on the occasion of unveiling the soldiers' monument in your place. I am exceedingly sorry that an engagement to speak at another point in the state on May 30th will deprive me of the pleasure of meeting your wishes. It would have afforded me more than ordinary pleasure to unite with your people on so interesting and patriotic an occasion.

Please present my regrets to your committee and believe me to be very respectfully,

Your obedient servant,
A. LOUDEN SNOWDEN.

Mr. L. Rogers, Chairman.

PHILADELPHIA, May 26, 1886.

MY DEAR ROGERS:—I much regret that I must forego the pleasure of seeing you at the unveiling ceremonies of your monument to the memory of the fallen soldiers and sailors of McKean, but imperative engagements make my attendance impossible.

While the patriotism that prompts such sacrifice of life and treasure to preserve the union shall live the memory of our volunteer soldiery will be kept perpetually green. No people of earth ever fought more heroically or for a nobler cause and the living who enjoy the free institutions they purified and preserved will ever be inspired to the best devotion to country by the monuments which tell of the cost of the liberty they enjoy. Yours, &c., A. K. MCCLURE.

YORK, Pa., May 25, 1886.

Hon. Lucius Rogers:

MY DEAR SIR:—It would give me great pleasure to be with you on the 2nd of June, at the unveiling of the soldiers' monument, but other engagements made before the arrival of your kind invitation make it impossible. The people of our commonwealth, in the erection of numerous impressive and enduring memorials of the heroism of our soldiers, are not merely gratifying a natural and noble sentiment; they [illegible] to patriotism [illegible]. These bright shafts, rising heavenward in all parts of this imperial State, will point a solemn lesson to posterity, which [illegible] than that of [illegible] and when Pennsylvania [illegible] I beg you to convey my sincere thanks to the committee for the honor done me, and I remain,

Very truly yours,
CHAUNCEY F. BLACK.

Lancaster, Pa., May 25, 1886.

MY DEAR MR. ROGERS:—I appreciate fully the compliment of your invitation. If I could go, there is no place I would rather go than to Smethport but engagements here prevent.

Believe me, very sincerely yours,
W. U. HENSEL.

Bellefonte, Pa., May 27, 1886.

Hon. L. Rogers, Smethport, Pa.:

MY DEAR SIR:—Your letter of the 24th was received on my return from Philadelphia this morning.

I have looked forward to joining you on the 2d of June not only with certainty, but with much pleasure and now find very much to my regret that it will be impossible for me to do so. My business partner is away from home to be absent for ten days, and we have an argument court on the 1st and 2nd of June at which I will be compelled to argue motions for a new trial in several important cases. In one of them a considerable amount of money is tied up, and we confidently expect to have the motion granted and thus make the money for our clients who are very anxious to have it. This, of course, upsets all my plans, as my duty to my clients is the first object of consideration. In first writing you on the subject, I did not think of our argument court and afterwards supposed my partner would be here to attend to the business, but in his absence I will be compelled to attend in person.

With sincere regret that I shall be compelled to miss the pleasure which I had anticipated in joining the people of McKean county, in dedicating a monument to their gallant dead, I am

Very sincerely yours,
JAMES A. BEAVER.

Huntingdon, Pa., May 28, 1886.

L. Rogers, Esq., Smethport:

DEAR SIR:—Your letter of the 21st inst. containing an invitation to me to attend the unveiling ceremonies of the soldiers' and sailors' monument at Smethport on Wednesday, the 2nd proximo, mailed to Harrisburg was forwarded here.

I regret to say in reply that if the health of my wife (who is now very ill) will admit of my leaving home next week, a prior engagement for the same day will deprive me of the pleasure of witnessing the ceremonies at Smethport and of personally greeting many friends who will be in attendance.

The monument, beautiful and appropriate in design, will be an enduring testimonial of the liberality and patriotism of your citizens.

The high regard held by the people of the United States for the services of those patriots who periled their lives in our national conflict and the respect shown the memory of the departed heroes, exhibits a commendable spirit, and as long as the people continue to manifest such sentiment our political fabric will not lack defenders. I am,

Truly yours,
J. SIMPSON AFRICA.

Philadelphia, May 31, 1886.

Hon. Lucius Rogers, Smethport, Pa.:

MY DEAR SIR:—I have delayed answering your courteous invitation to be present at the unveiling of the soldiers' monument at Smethport in the hope that I might see my way clear to its acceptance, but I find that I shall be compelled to forego this pleasure. The tribute you will pay to the memory of the fallen heroes who went from a section distinguished for its patriotism and public spirit, will be a worthy commemoration of their inestimable services, and it is a source of regret to me that I cannot be present to join in this homage.

Yours very truly,
CHAS. EMORY SMITH.

WELLSBORO, May 31, 1886.

MY DEAR SIR:—I regret that my health is not so fully restored as to make it prudent for me to be present at the unveiling of the monument erected to the memory of the soldiers and sailors of McKean county. I should esteem it an honor to witness the ceremonies, and to unite with your people in the spirit of patriotism which prompts them to memorialize the bravery, self-denial and undying love of country of the heroic sons of McKean county, who fought for the union in the war against the southern rebellion. They fought not only for the union, but *for the supremacy of the right against the wrong*, as the true soul and spirit of our constitution. It remains for us who survive those who fell in this great cause to see to it that the fruits of that struggle shall be safely garnered and preserved for ourselves and for our descendants. And in memory of those who thus gave their lives to their country, and of the comrades who shared with them the hardships and dangers of that battle for the republic, let me offer this sentiment of Daniel Webster: "No man can suffer too much, no man can fall too soon, if he suffer, or if he fall, in defense of the liberties and constitution of his country."

Very respectfully yours,
JNO. I. MITCHELL.

HON. L. ROGERS, *Chairman.*

The Smethport band then played an appropriate piece, after which Rev. S. D. Morris offered a prayer which was followed by a capital address from Gen. J. P. S. Gobin. The Port Allegany band then discoursed one of their best pieces, after which Col. Norris delivered an oration which will be read with great interest by the old soldiers of McKean county. As we have before stated, this speech, with those delivered by Gen. Gobin and Adjt. Gen. Stewart will be published in our next issue.

At the conclusion of Col. Norris' speech, the vocal quartet rendered one of their best pieces. Then followed the unveiling exercises. At a signal the halyards holding the covering on the monument were pulled and the granite shaft surmounted by the carved soldier stood revealed. At the same time the Eldred band played the ever-stirring strains of "The Star Spangled Banner," and the American flag was hoisted slowly on a pole in front of the monument. Deafening applause greeted this ceremony, and as a beautiful omen a ray of sunlight broke through the clouds and illuminated the figure of the granite sentinel.

Hon. Lewis Emery, president of the day, presented the monument to the Grand Army of the Republic in the following excellent remarks:

COMMANDER WALLACE—The honor has been conferred upon me by the citizens of this community to present to you, as the representative of the Union soldiers and sailors of McKean county, the magnificent monument before us. The ceremonies of to-day are not new nor are they a departure from ancient or modern customs. The written history of man antedates the coming of Christ more than 5,000 years, or for more than 7,000 years monuments and mausoleums of the most magnificent and stately character have been erected in memory of the illustrious departed. That we may fully understand one of the traditions of the ancient people and that we, as their descendants, have followed their ideas of commemoration by erecting monuments not so huge or massive, I have but to refer to the great Egyptian pyramids and other monumental structures equally as wonderful in that land. It has been my privilege to visit nearly all the monuments, ancient and modern, of sepulchral character or otherwise, and I find by reason of their simplicity of architecture they have been raised to great dimensions; and owing to their solidity, as is manifest in the monument that we dedicate to-day, as well as the durability of the material employed, have stood longer than any other works of man. In all ages and among all people the courage of the hero and the martyr have been commemorated in song, verse, stone and bronze. There has been a distinctive and persistent recognition of the deeds of those who have surrendered their lives that principle and country might live. In no instance within the memory of man had the valor of the human race been so severely tested as on the continent of America. The trials of our forefathers and their immediate descendants are familiar history. The memories of those who fought in the Revolution, the war of 1812 and the Mexican war, are among the most precious we enjoy. How nobly they served the purpose of inspiring the citizen soldiers of America as they marched from hill top and plain, from office and workshop in 1861 in answer to the call of the sainted Lincoln for troops! It was the youth, the bone and sinew of our land that answered that memorable summons, issued to preserve principles and establish those rights our forefathers claimed, "that all men were created free and equal." Thousands of young men who responded to their country's call marched forth to battle never to return. The clash of arms came and the slaughter was appalling. Many of the flower of the land fell, and statistics say a still greater number were stricken down by famine and disease. Although more than a quarter of a century has elapsed since Fort Sumpter experienced the first shot of that conflict the pages of our terrible history for the ensuing four years still seem crimsoned with the blood of the martyrs, who died that their country might live. It is, to the beginning and close of that bloody drama, and to the dead who have thus perished, that we dedicate this handsome monument, a befitting tribute to their daring achievements in battle. I hope, Commander Wallace, that you and your comrades will receive this fine structure as such a memorial in commemoration of their transcendent services in behalf of our Common Union.

Acting Commander to receive the monument, Comrade J. K. Wallace, of Bradford, gracefully accepted the gift and then came the beautiful Grand Army ritual of dedicating the monument, lead by J. K. Wallace of Bradford Post as commander, J. H. Merrill of Rew City Post as Senior Vice-Commander, E. Horton of Port Allegany Post as Junior Vice-Commander, and E. R. Mayo of Eldred Post as Chaplain who fulfilled their duties in a very impressive manner. Posting the guard of honor, saluting the monument, placing the emblems of the army and navy at the base of the shaft, then removing them and parting with three cheers called for by Gen. Gobin were all striking and effective.

This closed the exercises when the vast audience quietly dispersed, most of whom were soon on their way to their respective homes.

Duties of Tax Collectors.

The new tax collectors of the several districts of the county, who were chosen at the late spring elections, under the new law, will do well to remember that according to the seventh section of this act they are required to give public notice, by written or printed hand-bills, posted in at least ten public places in the different parts of the district, that the duplicate is in their hands; of the five per cent. abatement within sixty days and the five per cent penalty after six months. It is also noted that on the last three days of each of the last two weeks of these sixty days the collector or some one representing him is to be at a designated convenient place between 2 and 6 p. m. to receive such taxes.

AN endowment insurance policy is not only a good investment, but pays for itself in the satisfaction a man has in knowing in his old age that he will have a competency even if he met with business reverses. Chas. B. Hamlin, Smethport, Pa.

CASH paid for wool at W. D. Gallup's.

McKean County's Insane.

The following communication from Dr. Curwin, Superintendent of the State Hospital for the Insane, at Warren, Pa., will prove of interest to many of our readers:

STATE HOSPITAL FOR THE INSANE,
Warren, Pa., May 27, 1886.

Commissioners of McKean County:

GENTLEMEN:—The condition of the several patients under your charge in this hospital is as follows:

Albertina Rochester is very much deranged, and at times is very cross and excited.

Sammi Kary is very much disordered in mind, has fits occasionally, and is blind from disease of the brain.

Susan Saunders is very much confused in mind, very silly and occasionally excited.

Sarah E. Dilworth is violent, noisy and destructive all the time.

Joanna Long is paralytic, confined to her bed constantly, but very cross and ugly at times.

Ellen Mahoney is restless, excited at times and much confused in mind.

Cynthia A. Abbott is very dull and depressed and has to be fed regularly.

Addie Maloney is very much deranged, but is reasonably quiet.

Mary Pulse is noisy, excited and very much deranged all the time.

Margaret Doyle is very much deranged, and very restless and fretful.

Emily Mix is much disordered in mind, but better in bodily health and in other respects.

Mary E. Wright is very much deranged, but rarely speaks to any one.

John Ruefer never speaks to any one, and is very dull and depressed.

John Swansen is restless and excitable but not violent or noisy.

Very respectfully yours,
JOHN CURWEN.

INSURE in the best company—the New York Life. For rates address Chas. B. Hamlin, Wright House, Smethport, Pa.

CASH paid for wool at W. D. Gallup's.

Another Industry.

For some time past Port Allegany has been surely and steadily growing in industry and population and to-day it ranks foremost among the villages of McKean county. From the first the place was founded upon business of permanent character and thus offered excellent inducements for both laborers and capitalists to locate here. The manufacturing advantages of Port Allegany are by no means small as is proven by the number already located here. Mr. E. Schott, of Farmers' Valley, has just bought a piece of land of V. R. Vanderhule, and will build a brewery on it this summer. The lot is located near Mr. Vanderhule's stone quarry, and has one of the finest springs in the State near it. Pure spring water is necessary to make good beer, and this Mr. Schott has in abundance. Besides the brewery, barns, etc., he will build a dwelling house. From five to ten men will be employed constantly. Mr. Schott is exclusively a manufacturer, and will not retail, his sales being to dealers only.—*Reporter.*

WRITE for particulars of the best insurance policy. You will not regret it. Chas. B. Hamlin, Smethport, Pa.

CASH paid for wool at W. D. Gallup's.

CLERMONT CHATTINGS.

Pat. Birmingham's new shop is now completed and he is ready to do any kind of work in his line.

We have no justice of the peace, no constable, no tax collector. Is not this a good town to live in?

We were asked the other day if we knew who Doolly Dooll was. Yes, we know but have promised not to tell.

Doc. Taylor left here on Monday last for his new home in Beechtree. We understand that he will soon move his family to that place.

We are glad to learn that license was granted to J. H. Desmond. There is no one in the county that lives up to the license law as strict as "Hick."

Robert Dick, Esq., left here on Monday for Brockwayville, Pa., where he has accepted a position as mining foreman for the Northwestern Coal and Mining Co.

We had a pleasant chat with Col. Andrew Reynolds yesterday. We understand that it is to Washington Territory the colonel is going instead of Montana as was reported. We wish you luck Andrew.

There is no one left here to-day, except this scribe, the rest have gone to Smethport. The reason we remained at home was that our venerable station agent, W. E. Butts, would not trust, and we had no stamps.

Among those that left this morning for Smethport was the Clermont Lodge I. O. O. F. in full regalia, A. Reynolds, J. W. Anderson, L. Bayer, J. R. Townsend, J. H. Desmond, L. Steinhauer, W. Dick, Casper Hafner and Wm. Hafner.

We are glad to note that Mr. Adam Martin is able to be up again. He is past 81, and it is now very seldom that he gets to town, only on election day when he always is around and votes the straight republican ticket. We most sincerely hope that he will stay with us for many years yet.

A fine selection of fresh groceries can be had at Wm. Hafner's general grocery store. Mr. Hafner receives new goods every day and has the pleasure of receiving his share of the trade. If you have the cash you need not look further. We understand that credit is extended a short time to men of honor and principle; all others must furnish the necessary wherewith.

DOOLLY DOOLL.

Clermont, Pa., June 2, 1886.

MARCH 10, 1886.

Only $10 for a set of teeth at Dr. Pierce's. $10.

SUBSCRIBE for the MINER.

ITEMS FROM KANE.

Charles Rudolph, of Renovo, was in town over Sunday.

Frank Wright, Jr. of Jo-Jo, is taking in the unveiling ceremonies at Smethport.

Miss Lena Meyers, of Warren, was the guest of Mrs. M. V. Keene a few days this week.

A new photograph galley has been opened in the Thomson House Park by Messrs., of Williamsport. They guarantee first-class work and are deserving of a share of the patronage of the citizens of Kane.

W. H. Campbell, of the firm of Campbell Bros., manufacturers of ginger ale, birch beer, etc., of Bradford, has located in Kane, and can be found at the St. Elmo House. Any orders left there will receive prompt attention.

Quite a number of our citizens were in attendance at the unveiling of the soldiers' and sailors' monument at the county seat yesterday. Those who failed to attend missed one of the greatest events in the history of McKean county.

The feature of the day, and one that relieved an old gentleman of a $20 bill, was the thimble games that were being worked by a young man, just in the rear of O. D. Coleman's store. "Cappers" were quite numerous on this occasion. Where was chief Woodrow?

In speaking of the accident that happened to Master Ned Ryan, in last week's letter, I stated that he fell out of a wagon. It should read that he fell off of a horse and received the injuries as described. At this writing the little sufferer is doing as well as can be expected.

As advertised Messrs. Hurlburt & Hunting pitched their tent on Monday morning last and in the afternoon and evening gave two performances to the largest, most enthusiastic and appreciative audiences that have ever congregated in this town. "Bob" Hunting is undoubtedly the king of laugh makers, while his partner Mr. Hurlburt is the champion trainer of, and has the best trained equine and canine stock extant. Come again gentlemen and we trust you will be more successful in securing suitable show grounds whereby a purchase of the grounds will not be needed in order that you can show on them.

Kane, June 2, 1886. RAMBLER.

MARRIED.

LEWIS—KNAPP.—At the residence of the brides' parents, Smethport, Pa., June 2d, 1886, by Rev. F. H. Gates, Edward V. Lewis, of Rochester, N. Y., and Miss Ivah E. Knapp, of Smethport, Pa.

DIED.

AKINS.—In St. Augustine, Florida, May 20th, Mary, youngest daughter of Frank S. and Kate A. Akins, aged eleven months and eighteen days.

JOHNSON.—At the residence of O. M. Smith, Esq., in this place on Thursday last at a quarter past one o'clock, Mrs. Woodbury Johnson, mother of Mrs. Smith, aged [illegible] years and [illegible] months. The remains were taken to Sharon Centre, Potter Co., for burial this morning.

JAMES T. DONOHUE,
PLUMBER
SMETHPORT, PA.
In the rear of Armstrong's Drug Store.
Lead and Iron Pipe for Water, Gas and Steam Bath Tubs, Water Closets, Kitchen Boiler, Iron Sinks, Pumps, etc. 40

M. A. SPRAGUE'S
HARDWARE STORE,
Opposite the Grand Central,
IS HEADQUARTERS FOR
Hardware, Stoves, Tinware,
House Furnishnig Goods
SILVERWARE,
Cutlery, Lamps,
Glass, Lead, Oils, Paints, Putty,
Farmers' and Mechanics' Tools,
In fact everything usually kept in a First Class Hardware Store. The Closest buyers and Best judges of what they buy concede the fact that more goods of same quality can be bought for less money at the above store than any other place in the Country.
A COMPETENT TINNER
Always on hand ready to do work on short notice.

F. J. VICKERY,
DEALER IN
FLOUR, FEED,
MEAL AND GRAIN,
AT HIS MILL IN
EAST SMETHPORT, PA.
Fresh Feed and Meal of the best quality constantly on hand which will be sold at [illegible]
LOWEST PRICES FOR CASH.
After this date all goods must be paid for on delivery. We propose to SELL FOR CASH and at CASH PRICES.
F. J. VICKERY.
Smethport, Oct. 5th, 1885.

BRICK DRUG STORE!
No. 47 Main Street.
Constantly on hand the Largest and Most Complete stock of
DRUGS AND MEDICINES
Patent Medicines,
Instruments,
Trusses,
Fine Wines & Liquors,
Condition Powders,
Fancy Stationery
Toilet Sets,
CIGARS, TOBACCO
And a General Supply of Everything Found in a First-Class Drug and Fancy Store.
Prescriptions Carefully Compounded Day and Night.
Dr's Freeman and Wells Office in Store.
H. C. WELLS
Smethport, Pa., March 6th, 1885.

WAGON,
Carriage and Blacksmith Shop,
MECHANIC ST., SMETHPORT, PA.
Wm. Masser, - Prop'r.
HORSESHOEING
A SPECIALTY.
The Greatest Care Taken in Shoeing Horses with
Bad Feet!
All kinds of Repairing done to order on short notice.

P. D. HOPKINS
Successor to C. L. Douglass,
Corner Mill and Mechanic Streets,
SMETHPORT, PA.,
Dealer in
DRY GOODS & GROCERIES,
PROVISIONS, BOOTS, SHOES, &c.
Which I am prepared to sell very cheap for Cash.

GLEASON & LEMMLER
Dealers in and Manufacturers of
HARNESS
OF EVERY STYLE AND CHARACTER
Which they will sell at the
LOWEST RATES.
They also keep a full supply of
Saddles, Blankets, Whips, Etc.
Also a large and complete invoice of
TRUNKS & VALISES
Which they propose to sell at manufacturers' prices. Call and examine our stock and prices and become satisfied that it is a waste of time to look elsewhere for goods we sell. We are selling our goods as low as any house west of New York for quality.
GLEASON & LEMMLER.
Smethport, Pa., March 13, 1884.

ADVERTISERS can learn the exact cost of any proposed line of advertising in American papers by addressing Geo. P. Rowell & Co., Newspaper Advertising Bureau, 10 Spruce St., New York. Send 10cts. for 100-Page Pamphlet.

WHAT IS DYSPEPSIA?
Among the many symptoms of Dyspepsia or indigestion the most prominent are: Variable appetite; faint, gnawing feeling at pit of the stomach, with unsatisfied craving for food; heartburn, feeling of weight and wind in the stomach, bad breath, bad taste in the mouth, low spirits, general prostration, headache, and constipation. There is no form of disease more prevalent than Dyspepsia, and none so peculiar to the high-living and rapid-eating American people. Alcohol and tobacco produce Dyspepsia; also, bad air, rapid eating, etc. BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS will cure the worst case, by regulating the bowels and toning up the digestive organs. Sold everywhere.

$150-MONTHLY EASILY EARNED.
We want lady Agents for our CELEBRATED MADAME DEAN'S SPINAL SUPPORTING CORSETS. No experience required. Four orders per day give the Agent $150 Monthly. Our Agents report from four to twenty sales daily. Send at once for terms and full particulars. $3.00 Outfit Free. LEWIS SCHIELE & CO., 390 Broadway, New York.

FREE Our New Book, just out, entitled, [illegible] FOR LADIES, or The Absurdity of the Custom of Tight Lacing, as well as its effect upon the Health of Slaves to the Fashion. Illustrated. Sent FREE to Ladies only on receipt of 4 cents in stamps to pay postage. SCHIELE & CO., 390 Broadway, New York.

GO TO
ROONEY'S MARKET
Wolesale and Retail
FOR A
Nice Piece of Mea
Fresh, Salt or Smoked.
FOR
FRESH & SALT FISH
AND FOR ALL
FRUITS AND VEGETABLES.
I will also pay the highest price for
STOCK AND HIDES
CALL AND SATISFY YOURSELF.
Nearly opposite Catholic church, Main st.
J. F. ROONEY.

A. T. PALMER
(Successor to G. R. & C. H. Moore,)
Livery,
Feed and Sale Stables
AMPLE STABLE ROOM FOR 50 HORSES
First-class and reliable Double or Si gle Rigs and Saddle Horses.
Team work of every description do promptly.
We extend to the public every facili for the prompt and economical transa tion of all business they may favor with.
Office at Water street Barn, near Cou House. A. T. PALMER.
Smethport, Pa., July 2, 1885.

Desirable Hotel Property
FOR SALE
THE long established and favorably know Bergstresser House, corner of Frankl and Main streets, Smethport, Pa., is offered sale on terms which will be made satisfactor to the purchaser. It is a roomy three-sto structure, fitted up with all modern improv ments and conveniences and is a business o portunity which is not often met with. Anyo desiring to engage in the business of hotel kee ing, will consult his interest by addressing proprietress,
MRS. M. E. BERGSTRESSER.
Smethport, Pa., April 1st 1886.

A Present!
Our readers for 12 cents in postage stamps to pay for mailing and wrapping and names of two book agents, will receive Free a Steel Finish Parlor Engraving of all our Presidents, including Cleveland, size 22x28 inches, worth $4.00. Address Elder Pub Co., Chicago. 38-1y

AGENTS Wanted [illegible] Books & Bibl [illegible]

AGENTS WANTED for
Twenty Years of Congres
1861–1881,
by James G. Blaine.
[illegible]
Agents make from $200 to $1000 per month. Address
[illegible]

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight alum or phosphate powders. Sold only in cans. ROYAL BAKING POWDER Co., 106 Wall St., N. Y.

An Old Soldier's

EXPERIENCE.

"Calvert, Texas, [illegible] 1882.

"I wish to express my appreciation of the valuable qualities of

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral

as a cough remedy.

"While [illegible] before the [illegible] I contracted a severe cold, which terminated in a dangerous cough. I found no relief till on our march we came to a country store, where, on asking for some remedy, I was urged to try AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL.

"I did so, and was rapidly cured. Since then I have kept the PECTORAL constantly by me, for family use, and I have found it to be an invaluable remedy for throat and lung diseases. J. W. WHITLEY."

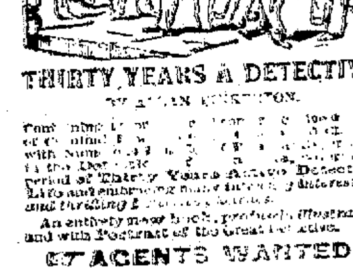
Thousands of testimonials certify to the prompt cure of all bronchial and lung affections, by the use of AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL. Being very palatable, the youngest children take it readily.

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by all Druggists.

AGENTS WANTED For Our New Book Just Published, entitled



THIRTY YEARS A DETECTIVE

BY ALLAN PINKERTON.

Containing a thorough and [illegible] with Numerous Episodes [illegible] in the Detection [illegible] period of Thirty Years Active Detective Life and embracing many intensely interesting and thrilling Detective Sketches.

An entirely new book, profusely illustrated, and with Portrait of the Great Detective.

☞AGENTS WANTED!

In every town there are numbers of people who will be glad to get this book. It sells to Merchants, Mechanics, Farmers, [illegible]. Thus every Agent can pick out fifty or more in a town to whom he can feel sure of selling it to.

We want One Agent in every township, or county. Any person, with this book, can become a successful Agent. For full particulars and terms to agents, address G. W. CARLETON & CO., Publishers, New York.

MANHOOD

HOW LOST, HOW RESTORED!

Just published, a new edition of DR. CULVERWELL'S CELEBRATED ESSAY on the radical cure of Spermatorrhoea or Seminal Weakness, Involuntary Seminal Losses, Impotency, Mental and Physical Incapacity, Impediments to Marriage, etc.; also, Consumption, Epilepsy and Fits, induced by self-indulgence or sexual extravagance, &c.

The celebrated author, in this admirable essay, clearly demonstrates, from a thirty years' successful practice, that the alarming consequences of self-abuse may be radically cured; pointing out a mode of cure at once simple, certain, and effectual, by means of which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately and radically.

[illegible]

Sent under seal, in a plain envelope, to any address, post-paid, on receipt of four cents or two postage stamps. Address

THE CULVERWELL MEDICAL CO.,

41 Ann St., New York, N. Y.; [illegible]

Vol. 22 No. 21-1y

HOSTETTER'S CELEBRATED

STOMACH BITTERS

In order to enrich the blood, and thus impart fresh vigor to an enfeebled system, stimulate flagging digestion with the national invigorant, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, which, by infusing energy into the operations of the stomach, promotes, nay, insures thorough digestion and assimilation, and consequent nutrition. A gain in appetite, vigor and flesh, is invariably found to follow a course of this specific, popular tonic, which is moreover a certain preventive of malarial fevers. For sale by all druggists and dealers generally.

THE

ELDREDGE

"B"

SEWING MACHINE WITH Automatic Self-Threading Cylinder Shuttle.

No. 5

The ELDREDGE "B" is sold with the guarantee of being the BEST that can be MADE

AGENTS WANTED.

ELDREDGE MANUFACTURING CO.,

363 and 365 WABASH AVE.,

CHICAGO, ILL.

BEYOND.

Mine eyes were holden, that I could not see
How close before me stood, with outstretched hand,
God's messenger, the angel sent to beckon me
Away from all the cruel thorns, the weary clay,
That vexed us as we toiled along the way,
To follow his sweet guidance to the land
Where none shall weep through all the eternal day.

And knowing not how short the time would be,
Dear heart, I fretted sorely as we went along,
And made the way more sad and drear for thee,
Nor ever sought to cheer thee with a song,
O Love! even here in heaven there doth remain
Regret for all I added to thy pain!

—Augusta P. Dunn.

"THE MOTHER OF CRIMINALS."

A Pauper Child Left Adrift—Hundreds of Vicious Descendants.

As an illustration of what unorganized and indiscriminate charity leads to, the case of Margaret, the Mother of Criminals, is quoted from an authority on the subject:

"Margaret was a pauper child left adrift in one of the villages on the upper Hudson, about ninety years ago. There was no almshouse in the place, and she was made the subject of outdoor relief, receiving occasionally food and clothing from the town officials, but was never educated or sheltered in a proper home. She became the mother of a large race of criminals and paupers, which has cursed the county ever since. The county records show 200 of her descendants who have been criminals. In one generation of her unhappy line there were twenty children, of whom seventeen lived to maturity. Nine served terms aggregating fifty years in the state prison for high crimes, and all the others were frequent inmates of jails and almshouses.

"It is said that of the 623 descendants of this outcast girl, [illegible] which brought them upon the court records, and most of the others were idiots, drunkards, lunatics and paupers. The cost to the county of this race of criminals and paupers is estimated as at least $100,000, taking no account of the damage they inflicted upon property and the degradation they caused to others."—Brooklyn Eagle.

Sanitary Improvements in Naples.

A correspondent gives in The Vienna Fremdenblatt a graphic account of the great improvements which are about to be commenced at Naples, and which will completely renovate the city from a sanitary point of view. One large main thoroughfare will traverse the whole of the poor quarters, Porto, Pendino, Mercato and Vicaria, while regular cross streets will run at fixed intervals. Some sites considered to be too unhealthy will not be allowed to be occupied. For the large crowd of artisans, laborers, and their families who will be dislodged by these changes new and healthy quarters will be found in the Arenaccia district, beyond the railway station.

The entire drainage and sewer system in the lower part of the city will be remodeled, and will be made to discharge beyond the harbor. The dye-works and similar manufactories, the operations of which are calculated to pollute the water, will be required to remove beyond the city boundary. The state is contributing [illegible] pound sterling to carry out these great works. When they have been finished, the Naples will indeed be [illegible] as well as most wonderful [illegible] in Europe.—Exchange.

Yet Not a Visitor Smiled.

An American gives us an instance of his experience in Syria. He was about to mount his mule amidst a crowd of oriental visitors, and wished to give them an exaggerated idea of American agility. He jumped a little too far, and overshot the mark, coming down on the other side like a diver, with his hands and nose in the mud, his feet caught in the saddle, and his coat-skirts cleverly rolled over his head, to screen him from what he supposed was a laughing crowd.

Yet not a soul smiled, not a sound was heard save a tender grunt of sympathy and demure offers of aid. Now a Turk in America, with baggy breeches and turbaned head, taking a header over a mule in the streets of an American city and getting stuck upside down with his pro[illegible] in a rut and his heels in the saddle, would be saluted with something more than a grunt of sympathy and demure offers of aid. We have more humor than dignity; the Turks more dignity than humor.—Youth's Companion.

Improvement on the Alarm Clock.

Alarm clocks are well known, after a time, to lose their power over a sleeper and fail to awake him, since he becomes accustomed to the noise. To remedy this defect an ingenious inventor has added a cylinder, the base filled with compressed air and the remaining space with cold water. A perforated tin tube is attached, which is pointed in the direction needed. When the alarm bell goes off the pressure of air is relieved and the water in the cylinder is driven out through the perforated tube over the head of the sleeper, who is sure to be awakened by the shower-bath.—Chicago Times.

Training Dogs for Military Service.

The German minister of war has given orders for a number of dogs to be trained, with a view of testing the value of the services they might render to sentinels engaged keeping guard during the night. This new departure in the German army is understood to have been suggested by an accident which occurred in the course of last year's operations among the British forces in the Soudan.—Exchange.

Plant Food in Ground Granite.

A granite rock, though containing all the essential elements of plant growth, only supports mosses and lichens; when broken into gravel it supports scanty growth of grains or grass, but ground to powder it furnishes food for a respectable growth.—Chicago Herald.

The Piano.

It is not the proper mode to cover the piano, but have a richly-embroidered mat, either to cover the top when closed or to lie across the cover when open. In any case the affair must be a marvel of embroidery and general elegance. The summer will offer ample opportunities to make such a one, and the patterns offered for sale are elegant and expensive.

Trouble with Local Choir Singers.

The trouble with our local singers is that they sacrifice pronunciation to tone and articulation to tone. If one wants to get tone alone one can go out into the woods and listen to the wordless warbling of a bird, or to the seashore and hear the ever varying cadence of the waves, or, to bring it nearer home, one can get a cornet-player to blow his horn into your ear. All these produce tones far finer than those of the human voice. It is only when we combine intelligence with sound that we enjoy the beauties of the human throat. It seems as if our singers want to take out of their music the intelligent wording that is so necessary. The trouble does not lie in our language, but in the mistaken notions of the singers themselves.—Precentor in Globe-Democrat.

Training Himself for the Future.

Frank Buckland, the English naturalist, who died a few months ago, is much talked about in England now. A schoolmate says that Buckland, when a boy, used to get up in the middle of the night, and, designedly, in half darkness, carefully bind two faggot sticks together, for the purpose, as he said, of accustoming himself to be called upon as a surgeon, half asleep, to do some professional duty under adverse circumstances.—The Argonaut.

The Best Meat and Vegetable MARKET!

—IN—

SMETHPORT

I am prepared to furnish the people of the town and adjacent country with

Fresh meat, Ham, Sausage, Salt meats, Corned Beef, Lard, Chickens, &c.

—ALSO.—

VEGETABLES

IN THEIR SEASON.

A FIRST-CLASS LINE OF

FAMILY GROCERIES

AT PRICES AS LOW AS THE LOWEST.

A Full Line of

CANNED GOODS

Highest market price paid for Hides and Pelts.

G. W. WILLIAMS.

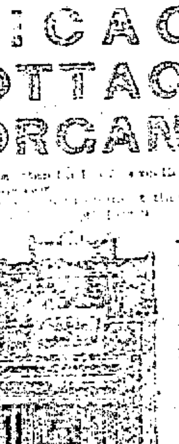
Main Street, Smethport, Pa.

THE

CHICAGO COTTAGE ORGAN

Has attained a standard of excellence which [illegible] that inventive [illegible]

OUR AIM IS TO EXCEL.



EVERY ORGAN WARRANTED FOR FIVE YEARS.

These excellent Organs are celebrated for volume, quality of tone, [illegible]

ESTABLISHED REPUTATION,
UNEQUALED FACILITIES,
SKILLED WORKMEN,
BEST MATERIAL,
COMBINED, MAKE THIS

THE POPULAR ORGAN

Instruction Books and Piano Stools.

Catalogues and Price Lists, on application, FREE.

The Chicago Cottage Organ Co.

Corner Randolph and Ann Streets,

CHICAGO, ILL.

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM

[illegible]

PARKER'S TONIC

The Best Cough Cure you can use and the best known preventive of Consumption.

[illegible]

Sold by Druggists. [illegible]

10,000 FARMS HARDWOOD MICHIGAN

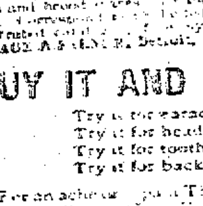
For sale by the [illegible] RAPIDS & INDIANA R. R. [illegible] principal timber.

[illegible] already built, numerous [illegible] of the healthiest farm [illegible] pure water, good markets, [illegible] schools, churches, large [illegible] best building material at [illegible] low prices, easy terms, [illegible] charts, and all additional information, address

W. O. HUGHART,

Land Commissioner, Grand Rapids, Mich.

Percheron HORSES.



Island Home Stock Farm

Grosse Isle, Mich.

All stock selected from the get of sires and dams of established reputation and registered in the French and American stud books. We have a very large number of imported and grade stallions and brood mares [illegible]. Prices reasonable. [illegible] Send for large illustrated catalogue, by mail. Address SAVAGE & FARNUM, Detroit, Mich.

BUY IT AND TRY IT.

Try it for earache,
Try it for headache,
Try it for toothache,
Try it for backache.

For an aching [illegible] Thomas' Eclectric Oil is excellent.—Chas. F. Medler, box 274, Schenectady, N. Y.

Thomas' Eclectric Oil is the best thing going, [illegible] Cured him of rheumatism and me of earache—two drops.—Master Horace Brenizer, Clinton, Iowa.

Try it for a limp,
Try it for a lameness,
Try it for a pain,
Try it for a strain.

From shoulder to ankle joint, and for three months I had rheumatism which yielded to nothing but Thomas' Eclectric Oil. Thomas' Eclectric Oil did what no physician seemed able to accomplish. It cured me.—John N. Gregg, Supt. of Railway Construction, Niagara Falls.

Try it for a scald,
Try it for a cut,
Try it for a bruise,
Try it for a burn.

Price 50 cts. and $1.00.

FOSTER, MILBURN & CO., Prop's.

BUFFALO, N. Y.

JAMES McNULTY,

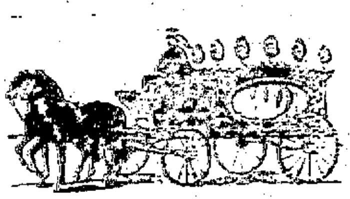
Merchant Tailor!

EAST MAIN STREET,

Smethport, Pa.

A fine lot of samples kept constantly on hand. Mr. McNulty's reputation as a superior cutter and artist is well established. Good suits for 24 and 25 dollars and job work promptly attended to. Give him a call.

Smethport, April 16, 1886. tf



Specht & Sasse,

PRACTICAL UNDERTAKERS,

Having purchased an elegant new Hearse, are prepared to attend all calls incident to their profession.

THE RUSSIAN RHEUMATISM CURE

DOES THE BUSINESS.

Thousands have tried it and found relief. There is abundant testimony to this point, positive and unsolicited, which should convince the most skeptical. If you suffer with Rheumatism, send for a pamphlet which tells what has been done for others. It is sent free. The cure costs only $2.50, for one box is sufficient for the worst case.

IT HAS NEVER FAILED

J. C. McALLISTER, for many years with Hood, Bonbright & Co., now with Wood, Brown & Co., [illegible] "I suffered from Rheumatism so terribly that I could hardly walk, was at times unable to turn my head. I tried the Russian Rheumatism Cure. Inside of two weeks I was completely cured."

Descriptive pamphlets, with testimonials, free.

Price $2.50. If mailed, 10c. additional. If registered, 10c. more.

One box does the Business.

RUSSIAN RHEUMATISM CURE.

None Genuine without this Trade-Mark.

As yet it is not to be found at the stores, but can only be had by addressing the agents as above, and address to the American proprietors,

PFAELZER BROS. & CO.

819-821 Market Street, Philadelphia.

H. F. BRAMMER & CO.'S

CELEBRATED WASHING MACHINES.

Over [illegible] in use and

GIVING GENERAL SATISFACTION.

The only washer that will wash every part of the clothes perfectly clean without rubbing the clothes. Nothing to get out of order. It allows the steam to escape, keeps water hot for a long time, works easy, washes clean, is neat in appearance and made to last.

MANUFACTURED ONLY BY

H. F. BRAMMER & CO.

MANUFACTURERS OF

WASHING MACHINES AND CHURNS

Also Ironing Boards, Clothes Racks, Adjustable Window Screens, Cigar Box Lumber, and all kinds of Box and Shipping Cases.

DAVENPORT, IOWA.

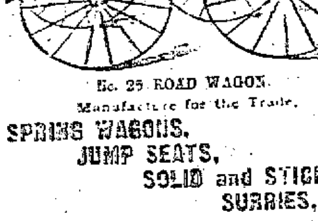
THE

TROY SPRING WAGON

AND

WHEEL WORKS,

TROY, OHIO



No. 25 ROAD WAGON.

Manufacture for the Trade,

SPRING WAGONS,
JUMP SEATS,
SOLID and STICK
SURRIES, &c.

ALL WORK WARRANTED.

Drop us a postal card and we will direct you to our agent nearest you or furnish you ourselves with Catalogue and Prices.

THE

Troy Spring Wagon and Wheel Works,

TROY, OHIO.

FIRST CLASS—Grocers Keep It.

And she, I, I ween,
Is my Queen,
The sweetest ever seen.

For her turned up nose,
Her sweet little toes,
Her pretty pink hose,
And all her clothes

Were washed with

ELECTRIC LIGHT SOAP

Without Rubbing.

First Class Housekeepers use It.

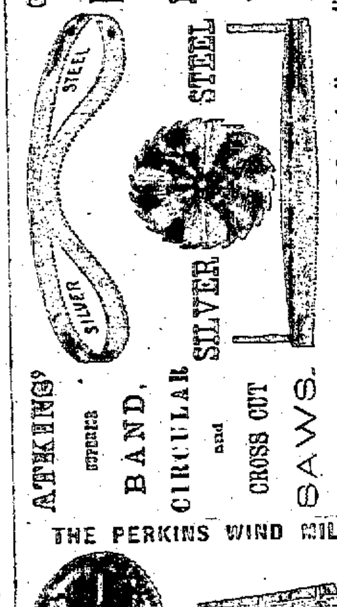
1st. Washing clothes in the usual manner is decidedly hard work; it wears you out and the clothes too.

2d. Try a better plan and buy a bar of ELECTRIC LIGHT SOAP [illegible]

—AGENTS SOLICITED.—

ATKINS SOAP CO.

INDIANAPOLIS, IND.



ATKINS' SUPERIOR BAND, CIRCULAR and CROSS CUT SAWS.

GUARANTEED to be the FINEST and most DURABLE MADE.

SILVER STEEL

Write to us for Prices and CATALOGUES.

Mention this Paper.

E. C. ATKINS & CO., Indianapolis, Ind.

THE PERKINS WIND MILL.

Buy the Best AND SAVE MONEY.

It has been in constant use for 16 years, with a record equaled by none.

WARRANTED

not to blow down, unless the Tower goes with it; or against any wind that does not disable substantial farm buildings; to be perfect; to outlast and do better work than any other mill made.

We manufacture both Pumping and Geared Mills and carry a full line of Wind Mill Supplies.

AGENTS WANTED.

Send for Catalogue, Circular and Prices.

Address PERKINS WIND MILL & AX CO., Mishawaka, Ind

ASTHMA CURED!

A SINGLE TRIAL convinces the most skeptical.

GERMAN ASTHMA CURE instantly relieves the most violent attack; insures comfortable sleep; effects cures where all other remedies fail. No waiting for results. Its action is immediate, direct and certain, and a cure is effected in all CURABLE CASES.

"It permanently cured me. Refer to me at any time." Hon. B. Lott, St. Paul, Minn.

"I am entirely restored to health by German Asthma Cure." Thos. Fenton, Hamilton, Ohio.

"German Asthma Cure is all you claim for it. It never fails." Prof. E. Von Fingerlin, Greenville, S. C.

"My physician recommends German Asthma Cure. It cured me." Mrs. M. L. Fetrich, Londonderry, Ohio.

Thousands of similar letters on file. Ask any druggist about it.

German Asthma Cure is sold by all druggists at 50c. and $1, or sent by mail on receipt of price. Trial package free to any address for stamp. R. SCHIFFMANN, St. Paul, Minn.

Some Facts for Would-Be Cowboys.

To any one who contemplates trying a season's riding I would say this: You will build up your constitution for life, you will meet rough fellows, hear hard swearing, and see some fighting, but you will hear fewer indecent stories on the range than you will in the average club smoking-room. Your "outfit," or bed-clothing, and equipments, will cost you about half your earnings, and if you smoke freely and do not try to save money the end of the season will leave you neither richer nor poorer. You will often have a wet bed, and thank heaven for getting to it wet as it is; you will always be up before daylight, and generally two hours out of the night as well; you will eat coarse food, everything fried in lard; you will be in the saddle from twelve to eighteen hours every day; you will often suffer for the want of food and water during a long day's work in the hot sun; you will expose yourself to some peril of life and more of limb; you will be for much of the time as absolutely cut off from the civilized world as if you were on a vessel in mid ocean; you will vow three times a day that when you strike the ranch again you will quit; you will be sore and bruised, cold at night and scorched by day, wet to the skin one hour and parched with thirst the next, and for the rest of your life you will look back to your life on the range with longing thoughts of its charms.

Very few men are rich enough to indulge their taste for riding by keeping more than two saddle horses. A "puncher" often rides a dozen, and does much of his work at full run. He breathes the finest air on earth, eats beef as freely as an ordinary working man eats cabbage and potatoes, and fancies the class to which he belongs are the aristocracy of labor. He is generous, always quick to appreciate pluck and kindliness in others, chivalrous to the few women he sees, ever ready to help hang a horse-thief, and undergoes more hardship and danger than a dozen soldiers.—San Francisco Chronicle.

Description of a Wonderful Machine.

"When I was laying the foundation of my mechanical fame and fortune, a few years ago, I boarded in a house filled with locomotive engineers and firemen. A practice prevailed there of enlivening the supper table with social conversation, and, the locomotive party being in the majority, the leading theme of talk was, stupendous feats performed in railway runs, varied by minor incidents and records of narrow escapes. George Dewhirst, who ran a lathe in the shop, sat opposite to me at the table, and he got tired of being excluded from the conversation. He became ambitious to hear himself talk in that crowd.

"One evening, catching on in a lull in the conversation, he called out loudly to me, 'Well, I went over and saw the machine to-day, and it is astonishing the fine work it does!' 'How does it work?' I inquired. 'Well,' said he, 'by means of a pedal attachment a fulcrumed lever converts a vertical reciprocating motion into circular movement. The principal part of the machine is a disk which revolves rapidly on a vertical plane. Power is applied through the axis of the disk, and, when the speed of the driving arbor is moderate, the periphery of the machine is traveling at a great velocity. Work is done on this periphery. Pieces of the hardest steel are by mere impact reduced to any shape the skillful operator desires.' 'What on earth is the machine?' demanded a listener. 'Oh, it is a new grindstone,' replied George; and a silence that could be felt passed round the supper table."—Mechanical Progress.

Celery as a Cure for Rheumatism.

In celery there must be some special virtue, if we only knew what it is. Nothing is made in vain, and the powerful smell and the extraordinary taste of celery are intimations from nature that it has some special mission. Mr. Ward, of Perriston Towers, Ross, writes that rheumatism becomes impossible if celery is freely used as an article of diet. "Cut the celery," he says, "into inch dice. Boil in water until soft. No water must be poured away unless drank by the invalid. Then take new milk, very slightly thicken it with flour and flavor it with nutmeg; warm with the celery in the saucepan; serve with diamonds of toasted bread around the dish, and eat with potatoes.

"Permit me to say," he adds, "that cold nor damp never produces rheumatism, but simply develops it. The acid blood is the primary cause and the sustaining power of the evil. While the blood is alkaline there can be no rheumatism, and equally no gout. Let me fearlessly say that rheumatism is impossible on such diet, and yet our medical men allowed rheumatism to kill over 3,000 human beings in 1876—every case as unnecessary as a dirty face."—Philadelphia Record.

Taking Micro-Photographs of Timber.

Photography is employed to recognize good wood. Micro-photographs are taken of sections, longitudinal and transverse, of standard pieces of timber bearing a certain known maximum or minimum strain. These are enlarged and serve as comparisons for other samples. Any piece which the educated eye detects to have fewer rings per inch of diameter, fewer fibres or fewer radial plates per square inch of section is rejected. The advantage of this method is that it allows all timber for important positions to be tested before being used.—Ohio Lumber Journal.

Tons of Coal for a Steamer.

A correspondent asking how many tons of coal a steamer will burn in the run from New York to Liverpool, The New York Sun says: "The consumption varies with the steamer. The largest ocean greyhounds burn from 175 to 300 tons a day, and make the passage in six and three-quarters day. A consumption of 2,400 tons, or a good big ship-load, is not an unusual thing in a passage from New York to Liverpool."—Exchange.

Capacity of the Krupp Works.

In the Essen works there are 1,553 big ovens, 439 steam boilers, 450 steam engines (representing together 18,000 horse power), 1,622 machine tools, 82 steam hammers, 21 rolling trains—involving a daily consumption of 3,100 tons of coal and coke by the 1,648 furnaces, whose draught is through chimneys of which one is 280 feet high, with a diameter of 30 feet at the bottom. The daily consumption of water—brought from the Ruhr by an aqueduct—is 24,700 cubic meters. There 1,778 steel lamps and 7 1-4 cubic meters of gas have been used annually, though this quantity has just been diminished by the introduction of electric lights. The work ceases only on Sunday and on two or three holidays.

The production is enormous. When the Emperor William visited the place in 1877, Mr. Krupp caused to be set before him the productions of a single day: 1,800 rails, 160 wheel tires, 120 axles, 160 railway wheels, 430 railway wedges, 1,000 bomb shells. The daily capacity of the works is much more: 2,700 rails (two and a half miles), 350 tires, 150 axles, 180 wheels, 1,000 wedges, 1,500 bomb shells. In a month they can produce 250 field pieces, thirty 5.7 in cannon, fifteen 9.33 inch cannon, eight 11 inch cannon, one 14 inch gun—the weight of the last being 57 short tons, its length 28 feet 7 inches. It is one thing to read these figures on paper, decidedly another to travel among the objects they represent, and witness their extent, their vomitings of flame, their harnessed immensity and to hear their voice.—Harper's Magazine.

Veils are now worn over the eyes under the bonnets. They are of dotted tulle in black, white and colors.

A new bonnet trimming is the Infanta comb, of cut jet, coming from the midst of a bunch of flowers or the folds of a drapery like a Spanish coiffure. There are many ways of arranging this comb.

USES FOR COMPRESSED AIR.

Its Especial Advantage Described by an Expert—Washington Aqueduct.

"What are some of the uses of compressed air as a motor?" asked a reporter of a leading dealer in rock-drills and compressed air machinery recently.

"It is especially well adapted," was the reply "for rock-drills, pumps, hoisting engines, and other machines used in mines, shafts, tunnels, and underground work in general, where the direct use of steam would be very inconvenient, and in most cases entirely impracticable. The fact is that the compressed air is a motor for all the essential purposes of steam, without the loss of power due to condensation and without the heat and many other inconveniences attending the use of steam as a motive power, especially in confined places and at a distance from the source of supply. It is, therefore, applicable to all engines that can be operated by the expansive power of steam, either at high or low pressures, and one of its principal advantages over steam is that it can be stored and transmitted through pipe to any distance without material loss of pressure or diminution of volume, the only requisites being pipe and ample area, with tight joints, and laid with the least possible number of sharp turns. In mining work particularly it has the additional advantage that, upon exhausting from the drills or other machines used, it furnishes to the workmen a constant and abundant supply of pure, fresh, and cool air, thus in many cases obviating the necessity of providing other and expensive means of ventilation."

"Is it applied to other kinds of work successfully?"

"Quite so. For instance, in sinking bridge caissons; driving tunnels through soft material by the pneumatic process; for refrigerating and ventilating purposes; transmitting messages, packages and passenger cars in pneumatic tubes; vulcanizing wood; in the manufacture of rubber goods and nitro-glycerine explosives; for elevating liquids, purifying water for city and town use, driving street cars, mine locomotives, and for supplying a very convenient and perfectly safe motor for running elevators and factory and shop machinery. The feasibility of compressing air either by steam or water power, at any convenient point for economical production, and then conveying it by iron pipes along the streets (exactly as gas or water is carried), to be tapped and used wherever required, furnishing power for use in towns and cities, has already been practically demonstrated, and it is only a question of time when this plan will be extensively adopted, owing to its economy and safety. By this system power may be transmitted to a great distance at a comparative small expense.

"At the tunnel being driven for the Washington, D. C., aqueduct, the compressor plant is located at a central point for economical operation, and the air distributed over a distance of five miles over ground, through ten, twelve and six-inch pipe, to the four shafts where it is received by four inch pipe and supplied to the drills, hoisting engines, and pumps. When the tunnel is completed the air will have been conveyed through ten miles of pipe. This is the longest distance air has been conducted, and the loss by friction and radiation does not exceed 2 per cent. It can just as readily be conducted a much longer distance without a higher percentage of loss.—New York Mail and Express.

Oil Produced from the Peanut.

The immense quantity of peanuts grown in Africa, South America, and in our own southern states afford not only a pleasant article of food, but a very large source of oil production. The seed contains from 45 to 50 per cent. of a nearly colorless, bland, fixed oil, not unlike olive oil, and used for similar purposes; it is a non-drying oil, which changes but little by exposure to the air, and remains fluid even at several degrees colder than 32 degrees Fahrenheit. A very great quantity of soap is manufactured from this kind of oil; indeed, some of the finest toilet soaps imported from France, are of this material.—Chicago Times.

Sold for a Hundred Cabbage Plants.

The last sale of a slave in Virginia took place in the spring of 1865. The facts were the following: The confederacy was on its very last legs, and the owner of a negro woman in Augusta, knowing that slavery would be ended in a few days, sold her for what he could get. As there was no circulating medium of any sort then—for nobody would take Confederate money at any value—the woman's master bartered her off for 100 cabbage plants.—Chicago Times.

THE POOR JINRIKISHA MEN.

A Pathetic Class of Japanese Whose Vocation Soon Causes Death.

The jinrikisha men of Japan are a pathetic class. Their lives are limited to a few years after they begin the business, and yet their ranks are constantly kept full by new recruits. They literally swarm on the streets. If a lady starts out for a walk she is repeatedly offered "a man carriage." These men are never importunate like the hackmen in New York. They keep at a respectful distance and make their offer in low, gentle tones that a stranger might not hear and no one could be disturbed by them. One refusal is accepted as a final answer.

They are an intelligent class of coolies—many of them can read. Their queer little ways is a constant source of amusement and surprise to the new-comer. When A. had been here only a few weeks she called a jinrikisha one morning as she wanted to go to the opposite side of the bluff, more than a mile off. Previously she had made the same trip in a brougham on fine mornings. She was no sooner seated in the jinrikisha and well tucked up in her lap-robe, than the little Jap was off like a shot without asking or being told where he should take her. A. said to herself, "Well, now, this is mighty queer! I wonder if you know where I want to go! Very well, you can go ahead and I'll see—I shall not volunteer any unasked information now!"

The little man apparently needed none, for he continued on a fast trot, now winding to the right, now turning to the left, never once hesitating, on and on, past the public gardens, past the cemetery; soon he had left the Russian, the American and the British flags in the distance, floating from the consulates of these respective countries. A.'s wonder increased momentarily—the fun became exciting—she laughed quietly to herself and wished some one else could enjoy it too. Jinrikisha travel is not social in the least.

At last he stopped, dropped the thills and relieved her of the lap-robe with an air of absolute assurance that she was where she had planned to go—and she was. Not a word had passed between them. Words seemed a superfluity. When her call was ended she was returned home in the same silent and magical manner. One man who waits at our gate for a chance passenger is no longer able to run—he can only walk, and no one wants his services. His lungs are nearly gone. The rapid, long-continued running causes heart and lung diseases. The jinrikisha man often has to wait in the cold, damp, night air, poorly protected when he is in an overheated state from long running.—Yokohama Cor. New York Tribune.

Buffalo Breeding Out in Kansas.

Buffaloes are now bred in Kansas for sale, and calves bring $80 each, where, twenty years ago, herds of thousands of these cattle ranged over the prairie without interference.

There is no diminution in musical product of Germany, 5,473 distinct pieces having been published in that country last year.

Excitement in Texas.

Great excitement has been caused in the vicinity of Paris, Texas, by the remarkable recovery of Mr. J. E. Corley, who was so helpless he could not turn in bed, or raise his head; everybody said he was dying of Consumption. A trial bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery was sent him. Finding relief, he bought a large bottle and a box of Dr. King's New Life Pills; by the time he had taken two boxes of Pills and two bottles of the Discovery, he was well and had gained in flesh thirty-six pounds.

Trial Bottles of this Great Discovery for Consumption free at A. B. Armstrong's.

What Can Be Done.

By trying again and keeping up courage many things seemingly impossible may be attained. Hundreds of hopeless cases of Kidney and Liver Complaint have been cured by Electric Bitters, after everything else had been tried in vain. So, don't think there is no cure for you, but try Electric Bitters. There is no medicine so safe, so pure, and so perfect a Blood Purifier. Electric Bitters will cure Dyspepsia, Diabetes and all Diseases of the Kidneys. Invaluable in affections of Stomach and Liver, and overcomes all Urinary Difficulties.

Large Bottles only 50 cents at A. B. Armstrong's.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. Sold by A. B. Armstrong.

The one end of a sponge in water and the whole will be soon saturated. So a disease in one part of the body affects other parts. You have noticed this yourself. Kidney and liver troubles, unless checked, will induce [illegible] piles, rheumatism and gravel. A timely use of Dr. Kennedy's Favorite Remedy will prevent their results. It is pleasant to the taste and may be taken freely by children and delicate females. It gives health, life and cheeks with roses on them. j

BACKACHING, stitches in the side, [illegible] on the bowels, are symptoms of a disordered state of the digestive and assimilative organs, which can be promptly and thoroughly corrected by the use of Ayer's Cathartic Pills. As dinner pills, and as aids to digestion, they have no equal. They cure constipation.

[illegible] Rossa's mouth is keeping [illegible].

DURING one-third of their time the processes of digestion are going on. If the stomach and bowels are not well, nothing is well. To be dyspeptic is to be miserable; dyspepsia is the foundation of fevers and diseases of the blood, liver, skin and kidneys. Dyspepsia invariably yields to the virtues of DR. WALKER'S CALIFORNIA VINEGAR BITTERS.

IT is not strange that the senator from Kansas should occasionally say some bitter things, for he is always Ingalls himself.

WHAT is more nasty than running sores, ulcers, pimples, boils, scrofula, erysipelas, etc.? Now, Dr. Lindsey's Blood Searcher cures them all. j

THE democrats think that a president with such strong vetoes ought to be able to do some lively kicking out of republican office-holders.

IT matters not the age of sufferers from colds, coughs, or croup, "Dr. Sellers' Cough Syrup" is good for all alike. Price 25 cents. j

AN outsider asks: "Why can a young man who goes to see his best girl six nights a week be accused of sympathizing with the Anarchists? Because he loves Her Most." Diagram sent on application.

IT is worth remembering that nobody enjoys the nicest surroundings if in bad health. There are miserable people about to-day with one foot in the grave, to whom a bottle of Parker's Tonic would do more good than all the doctors and medicines they have ever used. j

THE news that several people in Boston were poisoned lately by eating lemon pies appears to have given to some western editors their first idea that Bostonians ever eat anything but baked beans.

YOU are not old, yet your hair is getting thin. Your friends remark it, your wife regrets it. Parker's Hair Balsam will stop this waste, save your hair and restore the original gloss and color. Exceptionally clean, prevents dandruff, a perfect dressing. j

GERONIMO is not pronounced Gee-ronimo, but Heronimo, says a morning editor. Hood gracious, what is he driving at? What a hoy and highly style of talk this gentleman would let us into. By hosh, we won't have it. Ho to! Ho to!

"IT fairly wearies to think of the multitude of things advertised to cure disease," you say. No wonder. But in the mountains of chaff there are grains of golden wheat. We may find it difficult to induce you to test the merits of Dr. Kennedy's Favorite Remedy, but, when you have done so our work is ended. Afterwards you and this medicine will be fast friends. Favorite Remedy would have died out long ago except for its real usefulness. But it is good and does good. j

Undigested Food

In the stomach develops an acid which stings the upper part of the throat and palate, causing "heartburn." It also evolves a gas which produces "wind on the stomach," and a feeling and appearance of distension in that organ after eating. For both this acidity and swelling Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is a much better remedy than alkaline salts, like hartshorn and carbonate of soda. A wineglassful of the Bitters, after or before dinner, will be found to act as a reliable carminative or preventive. This fine specific for dyspepsia, both in its acute and chronic forms, also prevents and cures malarial fever, constipation, liver complaint, kidney troubles, nervousness and debility. Persons who observe in themselves a decline of vigor should use this fine tonic without delay. j

Land for Sale.

I have two thousand acres of valuable timber lands for sale, situate in Hamlin township, McKean county, Pa., known as the Wiggan Warrants, Nos. 5375 and 2470. With or without minerals, gas, etc. D. A. Easterbrook, Esq., of Smethport, will show the lands to parties wishing to purchase. For further particulars address JOSEPH HOUSLER,

Emporium, or Lock Haven, Pa.

Vol. 22-19-tf

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

PHILADELPHIA & ERIE DIVISION TIME TABLE. In effect May 31, 1886.

Daily Except Sunday.

TRAINS LEAVE EMPORIUM JUNCTION. EASTWARD.

8:25 a. m.—Day Express for Sunbury, Harrisburg and intermediate stations, Lancaster, Philadelphia, New York, Baltimore and Washington, arriving at Philadelphia 6:30 p. m., New York 9:35 p. m., Baltimore 6:45 p. m., Washington 8:00 p. m. Pullman Parlor car through from Williamsport to Philadelphia.

9:15 p. m.—Erie Mail for Sunbury, Harrisburg and intermediate stations, Lancaster, Philadelphia, New York, Baltimore and Washington, arriving at Philadelphia 8:25 a. m., New York 11:30 a. m., Baltimore 8:25 a. m., Washington 9:25 a. m. Through Pullman sleeping cars are run on this train from Erie to Philadelphia and from Williamsport to Baltimore and Washington and through passenger cars from Erie to Philadelphia and from Williamsport to Baltimore.

WESTWARD.

10:35 a. m.—Erie Mail for Erie and all intermediate stations with through Pullman Palace car and through passenger coaches to Erie.

7:00 p. m.—Niagara Express for Kane and intermediate stations with through passenger coaches to Kane.

THROUGH TRAINS for EMPORIUM JUNCTION FROM THE EAST AND SOUTH.

Niagara Express leaves Philadelphia 7:40 a. m., Baltimore 7:30 a. m., arriving at Emporium Junction 7:10 p. m., with through Pullman Parlor car from Philadelphia to Williamsport. Erie Mail leaves New York 8:00 p. m., Philadelphia 11:20 p. m., Washington 10:00 p. m., Baltimore 11:20 p. m., arriving at Emporium Junction 10:35 a. m., with through Pullman Palace sleeping cars from Philadelphia to Erie and from Washington and Baltimore to Williamsport and through passenger coaches from Philadelphia to Erie.

CHAS. E. PUGH, General Manager. J. R. WOOD, Gen'l Passenger Agt.

BINGHAM ESTATE

ROBT. H. ROSE

Is authorized to receive moneys for me; also applications to buy lands. He will give information generally, in any business of this Estate in McKean County. His office is in

THE BACKUS BUILDING, SMETHPORT.

ROBT. C. SIMPSON,
Agent of the Trustees.

Wellsboro, Pa., Dec. 24 1878. tf.

LINES OF TRVEL.

BUFFALO NEW YORK & PHILADELPHIA RAILROAD.

Time Table takes effect [illegible]

North'd			BUFFALO DIVISION	South'd
p.m.	p.m.	a.m.	Ar.	Lv.
7 00	1 10	8 40	Buffalo	[illegible]
6 17	12 32	7 51	East Aurora	[illegible]
5 40	12 02	7 37	Sardinia Jun	[illegible]
5 22	11 37	7 13	Arcade	[illegible]
5 00	11 46	6 52	Machias	[illegible]
4 57	11 30	6 40	Franklinville	[illegible]
4 25	11 03	6 07	Hinsdale	[illegible]
4 02	10 41	5 50	Olean	[illegible]
2 15	7 55		Bradford	[illegible]
p.m.	a.m.	a.m.	Lv.	Ar.
3 42	10 26		Portville	[illegible]
2 21	10 01		Eldred	[illegible]
3 13	9 53		Larrabees	11 [illegible]
2 48	9 27		Port Allegany	12 [illegible]
1 45	8 25		Emporium	[illegible]
p.m.	a.m.		Lv.	Ar.
a.m.			Lv.	Ar.
5 30			Harrisburg	
11 20			Philadelphia	
8 00			New York	
11 20			Baltimore	
10 00			Washington	
p.m.			Lv.	Ar.

Trains leaving Buffalo [illegible] run daily.

Additional Sunday Trains.—[illegible] Machias Jc. [illegible]

ROCHESTER DIVISION. North'd. [illegible]

Rochester, [illegible], Caledonia, Scottsville, Avon, Fowlerville, York, [illegible], Mt. Morris, Tuscarora, [illegible], Portage, Wiscoy, Fillmore, Caneadea, [illegible], Belfast, Hinsdale, Olean [illegible]

CLERMONT BRANCH.

Lv.		STATIONS.	Ar.
P.M.	A.M.		
3.10	[illegible]	Larrabee	[illegible]
3.03	[illegible]	Frisbee	[illegible]
2.55	[illegible]	Farmers Valley	[illegible]
[illegible]	8.29	Smethport	[illegible]
2.12	7.20	Crosby	[illegible]
2.06	7.10	Colegrove	[illegible]
2.02	7.04	Hamlin	[illegible]
1.53	6.00	Clermont	[illegible]
P.M.	A.M.		

Narrow Gauge System. Trains [illegible] for Bradford 7.30, 11.20 a. m., 5.10 p. m. [illegible] Olean 9.20 a. m., 2.25, 6.00 p. m. [illegible] for Bradford 7.10, 11.25 a. m., [illegible] arrive Eldred [illegible] Leave Bradford for Kinzua 7.06, [illegible] p. m.; arrive Bradford 11.20 a. m. [illegible]

Sunday Trains.—Leave Olean [illegible] Olean 11.00 a. m.

Trains are run on Eastern Time.

Pullman Sleeping Cars between [illegible] and Philadelphia, on trains leaving [illegible] p. m., arriving Buffalo 7.00 p. m.

☞ Tickets sold and baggage checked to principle points.

Get Time Tables giving full information [illegible] Company's Agents.

GEO. S. GATCHELL, Gen'l Supt.
J. A. FELLOWS, Gen. Pass'r & T. [illegible]
No. 41 Exchange St. Buffalo, N. Y.

THE ERIE NARROW GAUGE SYSTEM. BRADFORD BORDELL & KINZUA [illegible] ROAD, and BRADFORD, ELDRED [illegible] RAILROAD. Takes effect Sunday, [illegible]

WESTWARD.			STATIONS	EASTWARD
p.m.	p.m.	a.m.		a.m.
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	ar. Bradford lv	7 25
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Kendall	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Aiken	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	7 52	Simpson	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Smethport	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Rew City	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Rixford	8 40
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Duke Centre	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Eldred	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Little Mills	9 21
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Ceres	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Little Genesee	[illegible]
			Bolivar Ar	
[illegible]	[illegible]		Bolivar	10 05
[illegible]	[illegible]		Allentown	10 27
[illegible]	[illegible]		lv Wellsville ar	11 05
			N. Y., L. E. & W.	
12 40	7 50		Hornellsville	12 05
				p.m.
	6 20		Corning	1 25
	5 48		Elmira	[illegible]
	5 02		Waverly	[illegible]
	4 30		Owego	2 51
	[illegible]		Binghampton	[illegible]
	[illegible]		New York	10 29
	p.m.			

Sunday Trains leave Wellsville at 7 30 a. m., Bolivar at 8 26, Ceres at 8 61, Eldred [illegible] Duke Centre at 9 42, Rixford at 9 47, [illegible] at 10 01, Smethport at 9 16, Simpson [illegible] Aiken at 10 05, arriving at Bradford at [illegible]

Additional train leaves Wellsville [illegible] cept Sunday, at 5.20 p.m., arriving at [illegible] at 5 4[illegible] and Bolivar at 6 15 p.m.

a—Runs daily.

b—Runs daily except Sunday.

JNO. C. McKENN[illegible], Superintendent.

CUBA BRANCH. To take effect [illegible]

Westward.		Stations.	
28	26		25
p.m.	a.m.		
[illegible]	8 07	Ar. [illegible] Cuba [illegible] Lv.	[illegible]
[illegible]	7 25	Lv. Little Genesee ar	[illegible]
1 15	7 16	[illegible] Bolivar	[illegible]

B. C. WILLIAMS, Gen. [illegible]
JNO. C. McKENNA, Gen. P. A.

Buffalo, Rochester & Pittsburgh Railway. New Time Table, take effect M[illegible] 27, 1886.

ROCHESTER DIVISION.

EASTWARD.			STATIONS.	WESTWARD.
Exp	Mail	Exp	Eastern Time.	Mail Exp
a.m.	p.m.	p.m.		
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	ar Rochester lv	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Scottsville	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Mumford	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Leroy	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Pavilion	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Wyoming	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Warsaw	[illegible]
6.55	7.52	11 21	Silver Lake Jun	[illegible]
a.m.	7 41	11 21	Gainesville	[illegible]
	7 27	11 12	Pike	[illegible]
	7 16	11 02	Bliss	[illegible]
	6 44	10 25	Farmersville	[illegible]
	6 30	10 18	Machias	[illegible]
	6 00	9 48	Ashford	[illegible]
	5 55	9 30	Ellicottville	10 50
	5 37	9 15	Bradford Junc.	11 [illegible]
	5 20	9 10 lv	Salamanca ar	11 15
	5 15	9 00 ar	Salamanca lv	11 [illegible]
	5 00	8 42	Carrollton	[illegible]
	4 47	8 25	Limestone	[illegible]
	4 35	8 10 lv	ar Bradford lv	
	3 50	ar	Custer City	
	2 55		Johnsonburg Jun.	
	1 05		Ridgway	
	12 55		Little Toby	
	11 47		Brockwayville	
	11 27		Falls Creek	
	10 45		DuBois	
	10 25		Sykes	
	10 05		Big Run	
	9 45		Punxsutawney	
	9 26		lv Clarville ar	

BUFFALO DIVISION.

EASTWARD.		STATIONS	WESTWARD.	
Exp	Mail		Mail	Exp
a.m.	p.m.		a.m.	p.m.
10.45	6.45	Ar Buffalo Lv William St. Dep	8 00	[illegible]
10 05	6 07	Orchard Park	8 37	[illegible]
9.55	5 52	West Falls	8.51	[illegible]
9.42	5.32	Golden	9.01	[illegible]
9.12	9 12	Springville	9.32	[illegible]
8.45	8 45	West Valley	9.55	[illegible]
8.30	8.30	Ashford	10 15	[illegible]
a.m.	p.m.		a.m.	p.m.

Connections for east and west are made at Rochester with the New York Central & Hudson River R. R., and at Salamanca with N. Y., P. & O. R. R. for Jamestown, Mansfield, Cincinnati, Chicago and the west, also with Erie R. R. for Hornellsville, and east; at Bradford with the Narrow Gauge [illegible] all points in the oil regions; at Ridgway with Philadelphia and Erie R. R. for [illegible] Williamsport, Philadelphia and Baltimore.

Connections are made at Buffalo with N. Y. C. & H. R. R. R. for Niagara Falls, [illegible] Lewiston, Hamilton and Toronto, [illegible] M. S. R. R., Michigan Central R. R., [illegible] Trunk Railway for all points in Michigan and the west.

Tickets, time tables and full information [illegible] be procured at ticket office, N. Y. C. & H. R. R. R. depot, Exchange street, Buffalo.

JAS. T. GARDNER, Gen'l Sup't. ISAIAH [illegible] Gen'l Pass. Agt.

COUDERSPORT & PORT ALLEGANY Railroad Time Table, takes effect Mo[illegible] May 31, 1886.

AR. EASTW'D.		STATIONS.	LV. WESTW'D.
PM	P.M.		
6.55	1.16	Coudersport	[illegible]
6.51	1.14	Hammonds	[illegible]
6.43	1.06	Olmsted	[illegible]
6.37	1.00	Nelsons	[illegible]
6.30	12.53	Knowlton	[illegible]
6.23	12.45	Roulette	[illegible]
6.18	12.41	Pomeroy Bridge	[illegible]
6.10	12.33	Burtville	[illegible]
6.03	12.26	Silver Spring	[illegible]
5.56	12.19	Coleman	[illegible]
5.50	12.12	Port Allegany	[illegible]

Trains run on eastern standard time.

B. A. McCL[illegible]

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